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OFFERING THE FINEST [IMPLETE LINE OF NURSERY 5TICK, THE LAREEST DRIVE-IN SALES DEPARTMENT AND THE MロST [ロMPLETE LANDS[APING 5ERVIIE IN [ENTRAL ILLINOIS

## HENRY, ILLINDIS

## OUR GUARANTEE

We guarantee that our nursery stock is in growing condition and free from disease. We cannot guarantee the care given the stock after it is in the customer's hands. Any stock failing to grow the first season, will be replaced at one-half the purchase price when satisfactory evidence is presented. Sales ticket must be presented to receive replacement credit.

This guarantee does not apply to perennials, small fruit, roses and special quotations.

The above is the only guarantee made by the Henry Nurseries and supersedes any other printed matter or statement by any salesman.

## TERMS AND CONDITIONS

All nursery stock is sold cash with order or C.O.D. We reserve the right to increase list price on special selections in the field.

The prices in this catalog apply to spring 1957, cancel all previously published prices, and are
subject to change without notice.
Any stock selected in our fields for future delivery requires a $20 \%$ deposit which is not refundable.

All orders are subject to $3 \%$ sales tax.

Place Your Orders Early.

Time payment plan available for landscape work.

## DELIVERY CONDITIONS

We have a local transfer truck which makes deliveries to Peoria and intermediate towns on Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday at nominal cost.

Our trucks will make spot deliveries anywhere at cost.
The majority of nursery stock can be hauled in an ordinary passenger car.

We reserve the right to make an additional charge on express and Parcel Post shipments to cover cost of special packing.

## SATISFACTION IS CO-OPERATION

PLEASE REMEMBER plants are living things, requiring plant food and water and protection from disease, weeds, and dogs. CARE is the difference between strong, healthy, satisfactory growth, and weak sickly stragglers.
— PHONES —
NURSERY OFFICE HENRY 4095
B. F. Ingels Residence-Henry 4320

## EVERGREENS

We offer the most complete line of evergreens that can be seen in the Midwest.

Evergreens are invaluable for beautifying grounds. They are used for specimens on the lawn and also extensively for massing, shel-ter-belts, screens, and hedges.
For planting around the house as a foundation planting, they give a color and warmth that cannot be obtained with any other tree. Only
an inspection of our stock can give an adequate idea of the variety of color effect they present.

A good many fail with evergreens on account of improper treatment. EVERGREENS MUST BE HANDLED FRESH. FREQUENT WATERING AND CULTIVATION during the first year will guarantee success.

All Evergreens Are Balled and Burlaped.

## ARBOR VITAE


#### Abstract

AMERICAN ARBOR VITAE-One of the most valuable of the native evergreens. It thrives in a moist situation. Fine for windbreaks, and for ornamental hedges, as it shears well and makes a very dense hedge. Called the post cedar in Wisconsin. Our stock is propagated from select strains.

Each 18 to 24 inches . $\mathbf{2} .50$ ```2 to 3 feet 3.75 3 to 4 feet``` 4.75


BERKMAN GOLDEN ARBOR VITAE-A very compact, slow-growing dwarf type. The flattened leaf-clusters face outward edgewise, presenting a beautiful surface of vertical fluted lines. Foliage is a deep green, edged with gold. Each 24 to 30 inches
\$4.75
GLOBE ARBOR VITAE-This dwarf variety of very dense, compact growth maintains a natural globe shape without trimming. Grows very dense and round; is admirably adapted for foundation planting. Each
12 to 15 inches ....................................................... $\mathbf{\$ 3 . 0 0}$
15 to 18 inches ....................................................... 4.00
NEWARK ARBOR VITAE-An Oriental strain of Arbor Vitae which has the typical flat, fantype foliage. Light green in color, erect and compact in habit, and will develop to the height of six or seven feet. Each 30 to 36 inches .................................................. $\$ 4.75$

ORIENTAL ARBOR VITAE (Chinese Arbor Vitae) -An introduction from China which has proven very hardy. Has flat, fan-type foliage with rich green color. A strong, rapid grower which can be used as windbreaks or sheared to landscape specimens.

Each
5 to 6 feet .......................................................... 7.75
6 to 7 feet ............................................................... 10.00
ORIENTAL ARBOR VITAE, PYRAMIDALIS-An erect grower which has the characteristic flat, fan-type foliage of the oriental strains. Dense and compact in habit, and very hardy. Each 4 to 5 feet \$9.00
PYRAMIDAL ARBOR VITAE - A dwarf variety of compact growth and very narrow upright habit, and of a deep, green color. Makes a straight, narrow column'. Hardy everywhere except in dense shade and splendid for formal plantings.
Each
18 to 24 inches .....................................................-. $\$ 2.75$
30 to 36 inches .................................................... 4.50
3 to $3^{1 / 2}$ feet ........................................................... 5.50


## JUNIPERS

JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS (Chinese Juniper)-This variety was introduced by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Originated in China. It forms a very narrow pyramid with all leaves needleshaped, foliage steel-blue. One of the hardiest evergreens. Each
5 to 6 feet
\$8.50
JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PYRAMIDALIS (Pyramid Chinese Juniper)-This is a propagated form of the seedling Chinese Juniper which we have selected and grown on its own roots. The juvenile foliage is light green and turns to steel blue when mature. Very formal in habit.
24 to 30 inches
\$4.75
30 to 36 inches ...................................................... 5.75
3 to $3^{1 ⁄ 2}$ feet ........................................................... 6.75
JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA (Pfitzer Juniper) -Low, irregular, spreading, vase-shaped of bush-like form, with dense, gray-green foliage of soft, feathery appearance. Extremely haidy, and will grow anywhere. Very valuable for foundation and group plantings. Each 4-year-old, from 1-gal. can .............................. 1.75
15 to 18 inches .................................................... 4.00
18 to 24 inches ..................................................... 5.50
24 to 30 inches .................................................... 7.50
30 to 36 inches ..................................................... 10.00
3 to $31 / 2$ feet ......................................................... 12.50
JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA NANA (Dwarf Pfitzer)-This plant differs from the regular Pfitzer in that it is much slower growing, the foliage is finer in texture, and has a light green color. Can be used in more confined places than the regular Pfitzer. Each
15 to 18 inches .................................................. $\$ 5.00$
JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA, KAL- LAY'S COMPACTA-This was developed by anOhio nursery and is characterized by its densehabit. Foliage is the same color as the regularPfitzer but somewhat finer in texture. Each
12 to 15 inches ..... \$3.50
15 to 18 inches ..... 5.00
JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA, NICK'SCOMPACTA-This plant was developed by aKentucky nursery and has a dense habit. Thefoliage is more coarse than the Kallay's. Each15 to 18 inches ................................................... $\$ 5.00$
JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA, HILL'S
GOLDEN-This Pfitzer is identical in habit tothe regular Pfitzer except that the tips of thebranches are gold in color. Each
18 to 24 inches ..... \$5.50
24 to 30 inches ..... 7.50
JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA GLAUCA(Silver Pfitzer)-Identical in habit to the reg-ular Pfitzer, but it has a true blue color whichmakes an excellent contrast with other lowtypes. Each15 to 18 inches .................................................... $\$ 4.25$18 to 24 inches ................................ 6.00
JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS DEPRESSA (Vase-ShapedJuniper)-Similar in foliage to the CanadianJuniper, but with a more erect habit forminga distinct vase.Each
15 to 18 inches ..... \$3.75
18 to 24 inches ..... 5.00
24 to 30 inches ..... 6.75
JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS CRACOVICA (Polish Jun-iper-Considered the hardiest of the UprightCommunis varieties. More dwarf in habit, andhas a light silver-green color. Eachhas a light silver-green colorEach
24 to 30 inches ..... \$3.75
30 to 36 inches ..... 4.75
JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS HIBERNICA (Irish Jun-
iper)-Dwarf growing Juniper of very upright,dense, columnar habit, with bluish-green fol-iage. Makes a narrow column.Each
18 to 24 inches .....  $\$ 2.50$
24 to 30 inches ..... 3.50
30 to 36 inches ..... 4.50
3 to $3^{1 / 2}$ feet ..... 5.50
JUNIPERUS HORIZONTALIS PLUMOSA (Andora
Juniper)-A low-growing, spreading, dwarf ev- ergreen that is excellent for terrace and rock garden plantings. Color of foliage is blue-green in summer and orchid in winter. Each
4 -year-old, from 1-gal. cans ..... 1.75
15 to 18 inches ..... 4.00
18 to 24 inches ..... 5.50
24 to 30 inches ..... 7.50
30 to 36 inches ..... 10.00
JUNIPERUS EXCELSA STRICTA (Spiny Greek Juniper)-A native of Greece; forms a tall, dense, narrow, conical shape, tapering grad- ually from the ground to a sharp terminal point; fine glaucous color with very close- growing needles. ..... Each
15 to 18 inches ..... \$3.00
18 to 24 inches ..... 4.00
24 to 30 inches ..... 5.00
30 to 36 inches ..... 6.50
JUNIPERUS HETZI-A new semi-upright spread-ing evergreen introduced by a Pennsylvanianursery, which has proven very hardy and isa very strong grower. Foliage is a fresh blue-green color. Develops with a higher spreadthan the regular Pfitzer type. Each
15 to 18 inchesEach
24 to 30 inches ..... 7.00
30 to 36 inches ..... 8.50
3 to $31 / 2$ feet ..... 10.00
JUNIPERUS HORIZONTALIS DOUGLASI (Wau-kegan Juniper)-A trailer of low, dense habit,covering the ground while not growing oversix inches in height. The color of the foliageis a soft blue.Each
4 -year-old, from 1-gal. cans ..... $\$ 1.75$
15 to 18 inches ..... 4.00
18 to 24 inches ..... 5.50
JUNIPERUS MEYERI (Meyer Juniper)-It is anattractive form of irregular habit, with shortstraight branches. The foliage is plump, point-ed and prickly, is concave on the upper sideand a shiny blue color. It is a slow-growingvariety which thrives to best advantage in asunny location.Each
12 to 15 inches ..... \$3.00
15 to 18 inches ..... 4.50
18 to 24 inches ..... 6.00
JUNIPERUS SABINA (Savin Juniper)-A low,much-branched, spreading shrub 2 to 3 feet inheight; its branches well supplied with short,straight, tufted branchlets, which are wellcovered with dark green foliage. Each
15 to 18 inches ..... \$3.75
18 to 24 inches ..... 5.00
24 to 30 inches ..... 6.50

JUNIPERUS SABINA FASTIGATA (Upright Savin) -Foliage similar to the regular Savin Juniper but habit entirely different. Broad pyramidal shape, making it an ideal evergreen for the modern style of architecture.
18 to 24 inches
24 to 30 inches ..... 5.75
JUNIPERUS SABINA TAMARISIFOLIA (Tamarisk
Juniper)-A low form of the Junipers, spread-ing habit, and is noted for its excellent greenwinter color. Very hardy and popular wherevergrown.Each
15 to 18 inches ..... \$3.75
JUNIPERUS SQUAMATA (Procumbens or Japon-ica Juniper)-One of the best prostrate ever-greens. Never grows over 12 inches in height,spreads slowly, and has a rich blue-green col-or during all seasons.Each
15 to 18 inches ..... $\$ 4.00$
18 to 24 inches ..... 5.50
24 to 30 inches ..... 7.50
JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA (Red Cedar)-A wellknown evergreen of compact pyramidal growth. The dense foliage is a bright bluish-green when fresh, maturing to a deep bronze-green during the winter. It can be trimmed in any desired shape or form, and is used a good deal in topiary work. Each
30 to 36 inches \$4.50
3 to $31 / 2$ feet ..... 5.50
$31 / 2$ to 4 feet ..... 6.50
4 to 5 feet ..... 7.50
JUNIPERUS VON EHRON-A semi-upright ever-green with light green foliage. Ideal for hidinghigh foundations as it grows to a spread andheight of six to eight feet. Very vigorous andhardy.
15 to 18 inches ..... $\$ 3.75$
18 to 24 inches ..... 5.00
GRAFTED JUNIPERS
JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS COLUMARIS GLAUCA(Blue Column Chinese Juniper)-Very popularupright Juniper because of its bright, rich blue-green color the year around. Does not discolorin winter and will stand adverse conditionswhere other varieties fail.Each
24 to 30 inches ..... \$ 5.00
30 to 36 inches ..... 6.50
3 to $31 / 2$ feet ..... 9.00
$31 / 2$ to 4 feet ..... 11.00
JUNIPERUS VIRG. CANNARTI (Cannart Juniper)
-The most popular of the cedars, having a rich green foliage keeping a fine green winter color. It make a pyramidal specimen of med- ium growth. Most trees bear blue berries in the fall. ..... Each
30 to 36 inches ..... \$ 6.50
3 to $31 / 2$ feet ..... 9.00
$31 / 2$ to 4 feet ..... 13.50
5 to 6 feet ..... 15.00
JUNIPERUS VIRG. BURKI (Burk's Cedar)-A verypopular Juniper with attractive blue-green fol-iage. Can be trimmed to a broad, upright for-mal tree which holds its color the entire year.
Vigorous grower. ..... Each
4-year-old, from 1-gal. cans ..... \$1.75
24 to 30 inches ..... 5.00
30 to 36 inches ..... 6.50
3 to $3^{1 / 2}$ feet ..... 8.50
$3^{1 / 2}$ to 4 feet ..... 10.00

JUMIPERUS VIRG. GLAUCA (Silver Cedar)-Is always popular favorite due to its unusual 3 lver-blue color. Brightest in spring but attractive at all seasons. Similar in growth and habit to the Cannarti.

Each
30 to 36 inches .................................................. 7.00
$311 / 2$ to 4 feet .......................................................... 12.50
4 to 5 feet

JUNIPERUS VIRG. KETELEERI (Keteleer's Cedar) -Has a compact, formal outline, making a thick, dark green pyramid. The branchlets, disposed regularly along the branches, are more fleshy than in most Junipers. Has large berries in fall. Each
24 to 30 inches ..... \$ 4.50
30 to 36 inches ..... 6.00
3 to $3^{1 / 2}$ feet ..... 7.00
4 to 5 feet ..... 12.50
JUNIPERUS VIRG. PYRAFORMIDIA (Hill's Dun-dee Juniper)-One of the most interesting ofthe new evergreens. Foliage is a bluish-greenin spring and summer, changing to plum-likecolor in the fall and winter. Grows dense andformal without much shearing. Each
24 to 30 inches ..... \$ 4.75
30 to 36 inches ..... 6.50
3 to $3^{1 / 2}$ feet ..... 9.00
$31 / 2$ to 4 feet ..... 11.00

## FIR

DOUGLAS FIR (Oregon Fir)-One of the most useful and beautiful evergreens for landscape work on account of both its regular pyramidal growth, and its fine-textured dense foliage. Used as specimen or for screening and windbreaks.
$\qquad$
18 to 24 inches
\$3.25
2 to 3 feet ............................................................... $\mathbf{5 . 0 0}$
3 to 4 feet ..............................................................6.75

## HEMLOCK

TUSGA CANADENSIS-The American Hemlock is considered one of the handsomest native evergreen trees in Eastern North America. They demand plenty of room to develop their characteristic beauty. Young trees will endure a great deal of shade. Each
18 to 24 inches \$3.00

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2 to 3 feet 5.00
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3 to 4 feet ............................................................... 7.50

## PINES

AUSTRIAN PINE-Very hardy growing, with massive needles 6 to 10 inches long of deep green color on the surface and bluish-white underneath. Habit of growth tall and wellrounded. One of our outstanding specimen trees.

Each
18 to 24 inches .......................................................... 3.75
2 to 3 feet .............................................................. 5.00
3 to 4 feet ................................................................. 7.50
4 to 5 feet ............................................................. $\mathbf{1 0 . 0 0}$

MUGHO PINE-A dense, low, round, shrub-like Pine of dark green foliage extremely slow growth. Fine for planting in front of other trees Each

15 to 18 inches ..................................................... $\mathbf{5 . 0 0}$
18 to 24 inches ..................................................... 7.50

NORWAY PINE—Native of Northern Minnesota and one of the best of the timber Pines. Needles average 6 inches in length, and are deep green in color. Strong grower and recommended for screening and windbreaks. Each
3 to 4 feet
\$ 7.00
4 to 5 feet ......................................................................................... 9.50
5 to 6 feet ............................................................. 14.00
PONDEROSA PINE (Bull Pine)-This Pine has the longest needles of all Pines. Color similar to the Austrian Pine, and considered one of the fastest growing of this class. Each
3 to 4 feet
\$6.50
SCOTCH PINE—Large, cone-bearing evergreen tree with irregular crown, spreading branches, and blue-green foliage. Bark reddish-brown, on older trunks becoming grayish and fissured into scaly plates. Resistant to city smoke. Each 18 to 24 inches
$\$ 3.00$ 2 to 3 feet .......................................................................................... 45

WHITE PINE-Hardy ornamental Pine of very rapid growth. Needles soft bluish-green, long and slender. Easily moved by the slightest breeze, so that a constant sighing and moaning is kept up which has long been the theme of the poets.

Each
18 to 24 inches .................................................... $\$ 3.00$
2 to 3 feet ................................................................. 4.75


## SPRUCE

BLACK HILLS SPRUCE-For many years, this Spruce has been a favorite due to its compact and symmetrical growth even in very small trees. Its foliage varies from green to bluish tint. It should be planted where it has sun most of the day.

Each
15 to 18 inches .................................................... $\$ 2.75$
18 to 24 inches ......................................................................... 3.5
24 to 30 inches ..................................................... 4.75

COLORADO SPRUCE (The seedling form of the Blue Spruce)-A great majority are of greenish cast with a slightly bluish tendency. The blue color is more pronounced during the late spring and summer months About ten per cent are blue enough to be called Colorado Blue Shiners.

For these selected trees we charge double
price.

Each

18 to 24 inches

\$ 4.50

24 to 30 inches

6.50

30 to 36 inche

8.50

3 to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ feet ..................................................................................... 10.00

DWARF ALBERTA SPRUCE-One of the most interesting oddities among evergreens. It is of extremely narrow pyramidal growth, thickly covered with short, close-set twiggy branches and clothed in grass-green needles. Some of the oldest trees in the country are about five feet high, still retaining their characteristic habits. It prefers a partially shaded, rather moist location.

Each
15 to 18 inches
\$5.00

NORWAY SPRUCE-Large, fast-growing tree of Northern Europe, very symmetrical and of pyramidal habit, dark green foliage, often with drooping branches. Its extreme hardiness and adaptability to all situations make it a most valuable tree when planted for shelter and screen, as well as a single lawn specimen. Fine for windbreaks. Each 18 to 24 inches .................................................... $\$ 2.75$ 2 to 3 feet .................................................................. 4.25 3 to $3^{1 ⁄ 2}$ feet .......................................................... 6.00
$3^{1 / 2}$ to 4 feet ..... 8.50

KOSTER AND MOREHEIM BLUE SPRUCE-The grafted form of the Blue Spruce is the true aristocrat of the evergreen family, by far the shapliest Spruce and the truest, most persistent blue color of any known tree. In June and July, these trees appear to shine when in full sun. Each
3 to 4 feet .......................................................... $\mathbf{\$ 4 0 . 0 0}$
5 to 6 feet
70.00

## YEW (Taxus)

TAXUS BROWNI (Brown's Yew)-This variety is very popular because of its dense habit and rich green color. It differs from the regular Spreading Yew in that it is more globular in shape. Responds readily to trimming and makes an excellent low hedge. Each
10 to 12 inches
. 3.75
12 to 15 inches ................................................... 5.00
15 to 18 inches .-.................................................................................... 7.00
18 to 24 inches ..................................................... 10.00
TAXUS CUSPIDATA (Spreading Yew)-Similar to the upright type, except its spreading habit, growing slightly higher than the spreading Junipers. Like all Yews, grows in shady locations.

Each
15 to 18 inches
\$ 6.50
18 to 24 inches ........................................................... 9.50

30 to 36 inches ...................................................... 15.00
TAXUS CUSPIDATA NANA (Dwf. Jap Yew)-Foliage is darker than the regular spreading yew, slower growing, denser in habit, and well adapted for planting in confined areas.

Each
15 to 18 inches ................................................... $\$ 7.50$
TAXUS CAPITATA (Upright Yew)-One of the most beautiful of the evergreens. It grows slowly with a delightful irregularity of outline; its many branches covered with the rich, waxen, green foliage characteristic of all yews. Some trees have bright red berries in the fall.

Each

24 to 30 inches ................................................... 12.50
30 to 36 inches ....-.................................................................... 17.50
TAXUS MEDIA HATFIELDI (Hatfield Yew) - A compact bush of conical shape with upright branches and radially spreading leaves. This habit makes it valuable for thick hedges as well as specimen planting.

Each
15 to 18 inches ......................................................... $\mathbf{\$ 6 . 5 0}$


TAXUS MEDIA HICKSI (Hick's Yew)-A very interesting Yew of an upright type, growing in an extreme, narrow, column bush. It is fairly rapid-growing and has a deeper green color than most Yews. Slender type only. Each

18 to 24 inches .................................................... 7.50
24 to 30 inches ..................................................................................... 9.50
TAXUS HUNNIWELLIANA (Hunniwell Yew)Darker color than the regular spreading yew and one of the best yews for bearing red berries in fall.

Each
12 to 15 inches
. $\$ 4.50$
15 to 18 inches ............................................................. 6.50

## DECIDUOUS CONIFERS

## LARIX DECIDUA (European Larch or Tamarack)

 -A member of the Pine family, bearing cones, and shedding its leaves. Among the hardiest of all trees, they do well in almost any soil or location, preferring moderate moisture. Larches usually take a Christmas-tree shape with long, straight branches, and short needles tufted like a pine. Rapid growing.Each

TAXODIUM DīSTICHUM (Bald Cypress)-A deciduous evergreen planted for its picturesque effect and its feathery ornamental foliage. Has light brown, flaky bark, small light green needle-like leaves, and a head, at first narrow, then broad and rounded. Each
3 to 4 feet .................................................................... $\$ 4.50$
5 to 6 feet .............................................................. 8.50
6 to 7 feet
10.00

## BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS

EUONYMUS FORTUNEI ACUTUS (Wintercreeper) -Lowest growing of the evergreen wintercreepers, this gem is seldom over 6 inches high as a ground cover. Small deep green foliage is exceedingly handsome.
2 yr. from 1-gal. cans
\$1.25
EUONYMUS FORTUNEI COLORATUS (Purpleleaf Wintercreeper)-Leaves quite large, purplish fall and winter; then shed in spring forming light green foliage. Makes heavy ground cover.
2 yr. transplants, $12-15$ inches
$\$ 0.50$
2 yr. from 1-gal. cans ........................................ 1.00
EUONYMUS FORTUNEI RADICANS (Minefolia) Small round foliage, sometimes called Common Wintercreeper. One of the best vine types as it is strong growing and will cling to walls.
1 yr . from $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. pots
\$0.35
2 yr. from No. 0 Cloverset pots ..................... 0.75
EUONYMUS FORTUNEI RADICANS "SARCOXIE"
(New Upright Euonymus) - New, distinct hardy type. Leaves glossy, thick, and hold color well in winter.
2 yr. from 1-gal. cans .......................................... $\$ 1.25$

EUONYMUS FORTUNEI VEGETUS (Bigleaf Win-tercreeper)-A strong growing variety, with large glossy leaves, and producing bright orange-red berries, which remain on the plant most of the winter. As a hardy evergreen ground and wall cover, this plant is unequaled. 2 yr. From 1-qt. cans \$0.75
3 yr. From 1-gal. cans ..................................... 1.25
EUONYMUS PATENS ERECTUS--Is a handsome, nearly evergreen species, with large light green leaves. Has dense, upright, bushy growth. Excellent for shady places.
3 yr. From 1-gal. cans
18 to 24 inches, B\&B ........................................................ 3.75
HEDERA HELIX GRACILIS (Baltica Ivy)-Identical in habit with the English Ivy, but foliage not as large and more cut; a most graceful vine; perfectly hardy and a splendid evergreen vine on walls with north exposures; also an excellent ground cover. Each
From quart cans .......................................................-. 75
MAHONIA AQUIFOLIUM (Oregon Grape Holly) -It has handsome, spiny, dark green lustrous leaves which take on a bronzy tone in the fall. The clusters of yellow flowers are showy in the spring, and later the bluish-black bloomy fruits are attractive.

Each
15 to 18 inches ......................................................-...-. $\$ 4.00$
18 to 24 inches ..................................................... 5.50
PACHYSANDRA (Jap Spurge)-Evergreen ground cover of the root running type. Must have partial shade.
2 yr. From 1-qt. cans
$\$ 0.35$
PYRACANTHA LALANDI (Firethorne)-A most remarkable fruiting evergreen shrub. Bears attractive large trusses of white flowers during the late Spring followed by an abundance of brilliant orange-scarlet berries which remain late in the winter. It prefers a sandy soil and warm location. Each 2 yr. from 5 qt. cans .............................................-. $\$ 1.75$

RHODODENDRON, HYBRIDS - We offer this flowering plant in several named varieties. In order to have success with Rhododendrons, you must have the proper location. They do very well if planted where the winter sun does not strike, and with a soil mixture of about onethird peat.
18 to 24 inches from 5-gal cans ................ $\$ 9.50$

TEUCRIUM CHAMAEDRYS-Shrublike plant of moderate growth. Has shiny dark leaves which hang on all winter. Resembles dwarf boxwood and may be used where the latter is not hardy. Can be clipped to suit any height up to 12 inches. Used extensively as an edging for formal beds.
2 yr. from 1-gal. cans, each 75c; per 100, $\$ 65.00$

VINCA MINOR (Myrtle)-Old time dense evergreen ground cover for sun and shade. Blooms in summer with light blue flowers. 2 yr. From 1-qt. cans
$\$ 0.35$

EVERGREEN WINDBREAK SPECIAL
(Spring Only)
Norway Spruce, 18 to 24 in. B\&B ....................... $\$ 2.25$
White Pine, 18 to 24 in. B\&B ............................. $\$ 2.25$
Scotch Pine, 12 to 15 in . Tr. Bare Root ....... $\mathbf{\$ 0 . 7 5}$
Scotch Pine, 15 to 18 in. from 1-gal cans....... $\$ 1.00$
Scotch Pine, 18 to 24 in. Bare Root.................. $\$ 1.75$
Scotch Pine, 18 to 24 in., B\&B.......................... $\$ 2.25$
Douglas Fir, 10 to 12 in, Tr. Bare Root........ $\mathbf{\$ 0 . 6 5}$
Dougias Fir, 18 to 24 in. B\&B ............................. $\$ 3.00$
Douglas Fir, 2 to 3 ft . B\&B ............................... $\$ 4.75$
Oriental Arbor Vitae, 18 to 24 in. Bare Root transplants
\$0.85
Our standard guarantee void on special prices.
Above prices are based on quantities of 20 or more, F.O.B. Henry. No orders accepted after April 15.

## SMALL EVERGREEN COLLECTION

Every season we have innumerable requests for young evergreen transplants suitable for growing on in the garden.
We offer the following list of 3-year-old transplants at 75 c each, except varieties marked * which are $\$ 1.75$.
Do not confuse these with mail order seedlings, as we only sell young, vigorous plants, ready for the field.
No order accepted for less than five plants, or after April 10. Customer will be notified when trees are ready to pick up, or they can be shipped Parcel Post with an additional charge of 65 cents per order.

## American Arbor Vitae

Globe Arbor Vitae
Pyramidalis Arbor Vitae
Pfitzer Juniper
Blue Pfitzer Juniper
Savin Juniper
Spiny Greek Juniper
Burki Juniper
Keteeleri Juniper
Douglas Fir
Concolor Fir
Norway Spruce
Black Hills Spruce

Browni Yew
Spreading Yew
Upright Yew
Hick's Yew
Hunniwell Yew
Andora Juniper
*Cannart Juniper
*Hill's Dundee Juniper
*Blue Column Juniper
Mugho Pine
Scotch Pine
Austrian Pine
Hemlock

## SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

Note: Sizes are given as average height, i.e., 5 to 6 feet, or measured by the diameter of the stem 12 inches above the ground, i.e., 2 to $21 / 2$ inches.
Prices following are based on the trees being dug naked root, except where noted as B. \& B.
$B$. and $B$. means that the tree is dug with a solid ball of earth. With this method, the small hair roots are not disturbed.
Special quotations will be made on any of the trees B. and B.

ASH, GREEN-Found native throughout the state, attains a height of 50 feet or more, has spreading branches. The twigs are smooth, round, and ashy gray marked by pale lenticels and rusty bud-scales. Has compound leaves.

Each

8 to 10 feet ........................................................... 5.75

ASH, MOUNTAIN-Hardy tree, head dense and regular, beautiful fern-like foliage, distinctly ornamental. Covered with clusters of bright red berries from July until winter. The combination of foliage and clusters of fruit makes it a very beautiful tree for planting. Each
6 to 8 feet .............................................................. $\mathbf{\$ 5 . 0 0}$
8 to 10 feet ........................................................... 7.00

BIRCH, EUROPEAN WHITE-A graceful tall tree, showing a white bark as it matures. A fine ornamental tree in any position, especially in evergreen group where the bark shows up most effectively. Each

6 to 8 feet ............................................................. $\mathbf{5 . 0 0}$
8 to 10 feet ............................................................. 7.00
2 to $21 / 2$ inches ........................................................ 10.00
(If ordered Balled and Burlaped, add $\$ 3.50$ )
BIRCH, EUROPEAN WHITE CLUMPS-We recommend the planting of three individual trees in one hole to prevent splitting after the trees are mature. The trees should be assorted sizes and crooked. We offer a special for this type of planting as follows:
Three Birch, assorted sizes, 5 to 8 feet.... $\mathbf{\$ 1 1 . 0 0}$ Three-branch clump on one stem, 5 to 7 feet 5.00

8 to 10 feet ............................................................ 9.50
(If ordered Balled and Burlaped, add $\$ 3.50$ )
BIRCH, CUT LEAF WEEPING-Its tall, slender, yet vigorous growth, graceful drooping foliage presents attractive characteristics rarely met in a single tree. Each
5 to 6 feet (Spring only) ............................. \$ 4.75
6 to 8 feet .............................................................. 6.75
8 to 10 feet ............................................................ 8.75
10 to 12 feet ....................................................................................... $\mathbf{1 0 . 5 0}$
2 to $2^{1 / 2}$ inches ..................................................... 13.50
$21 / 2$ to 3 inches .....................................................................................
(If ordered Balled and Burlaped, add $\$ 3.50$ )

BIRCH, PYRAMIDAL WHITE-A perfect tree for a narrow place. Used to accent formal plantings. Habit similar to a Poplar. The bark on the main stem is white.

Each
6 to 8 feet
\$6.50

## FLOWERING CRABS

ADSTRINGENS-A wide spreading tree of shapely growth that will attain a height of from 15 to 20 feet. An early bloomer whose flowers are deep rose in bud, opening to a lighter shade or rose-pink. The foliage is a light purple and the fruit various shades of red, yellow, and green. Each
3 to 4 feet ..........................................................................
4 to 5 feet ............................................................ 3.50
ALMEY-A new hybrid which has large blossoms of glistening red petals, white markings at base of each, giving the effect of a five-pointed star. The scarlet fruits are retained until spring, furnishing food for winter birds. Very hardy and disease resistant.

Each
4 to 5 feet ............................................................... $\mathbf{\$ 4 . 5 0}$
BECHTEL'S-During May and June it is loaded with delicate pink, double flowers, looking like small roses. An old, popular variety. Each 3 to 4 feet ................................................................ $\mathbf{\$ 3 . 0 0}$

ELEYI-Has attractive reddish foliage in spring. Great abundance of single pink flowers followed by red fruit. Each
3 to 4 feet ............................................................ $\$ 2.50$ 4 to 5 feet ............................................................. 3.50

HOPA-Beautiful in bloom, beautiful in foliage, beautiful in fruit. A blaze of red in the spring. From midsummer until severe freezing, the clusters of small, red Crab Apples gleam brightly along the branches. The fruit makes a very fine jelly. Each
4 to 5 feet \$2.50

RINGO Of medium size and upright growth, this tree bears pink flowers. The large, dark green, very shiny foliage is particularly handsome. This is the only variety of Malus with a shiny leaf. The fruit is one inch in diameter and bright orange in color.
3 to 4 feet
\$2.75
4 to 5 feet
4.00

STRATHMORE-A new introduction by Minnesota State Fruit Breeding Farm. It is very columnar, foliage is fine textured with reddish leaves. Flowers are dark red followed by small red fruits.

Each
3 to 4 feet
\$3.75

## SHADE TREES (cont.)

CHINESE CHESTNUT-One of the best of the nut trees for this climate. Blight resistant, nuts are larger than the American Chestnut and are equally sweet and good. Makes a very ornamental, low, bushy tree which is slow growing, but bears when small.

Each
5 to 6 feet, Bare Root ..................................... $\$ 3.25$
6 to 8 feet, B\&B ............................................................................

ELM, AMERICAN-A splendid native tree of great size and wide spread, with graceful drooping branches. Classed among the rapid growing trees and is not easily damaged by storms. Not advisable to plant south of a line running east and west across the State through Henry.
6 to 8 feet
\$3.75
8 to 10 feet ........................................................... 5.00
ELM, CHINESE-Of recent introduction from China, is native of Turkestan to Siberia. Of extremely rapid growth while young, but does not make a large tree. Foliage is small and dense; growth symmetrical and compact. Especially adapted to arid regions, succeeds everywhere.

Each
1 to $11 / 2$ inches or 6 to 8 feet ....................... \$ 3.00
$11 / 2$ to $13 / 4$ inches or 8 to 10 feet ................... 4.25
$13 / 4$ to 2 inches .................................................... 7.50
2 to $2^{1 / 2}$ inches .................................................... $\mathbf{1 0 . 0 0}$
ELM, HYBRID-A cross between Chinese and American Elm. Habit of growth similar to American Elm but with the rapid growth of the Chinese Elm. Branches are straight and strong and do not break in high winds. Large dark green leaves. Very hardy and resistant to disease.

Each
6 to 8 feet
\$6.00
ELM. MOLINE-Variety of late introduction found growing at Moline, Ill. Of very compact, upright and fast-growing habit, with large leaves of distinct dark green shade. One of our finest trees. Each 8 to 10 feet ........................................................... $\mathbf{\$ 6 . 5 0}$ 10 to 12 feet ...........................-............................... 8.50

GINKGO BILOBA (Maidenhair Tree)-Leaves are shaped like the maidenhair fern. Makes a handsome, picturesque, lawn specimen. The oldest shade tree in cultivation. Very hardy and dis-ease-resistant.

Each
5 to 6 feet ............................................................. $\$ 5.00$
6 to 8 feet ............................................................. 7.50
8 to 10 feet ........................................................... 9.50

## THE LOCUSTS

HONEY LOCUST THORNLESS-This is the inermis type of locust and widely planted as a shade tree because it develops rapidly and does not break in windstorms. It has remarkable drought-resistant qualities and will stand severe pruning.
6 to 8 feet ...........................................................................
8 to 10 feet ........................................................... 6.00
10 to 12 feet ........................................................ 8.00

MORAINE LOCUST-(Pat. No. 836) An improved Honey Locust with a round head when young, but tall and vase-shaped when older, attaining a height of 80 to 100 feet. Thornless, seedless, withstands drought and flood, easily transplanted, and long lived.
5 to 6 feet Whips (Spring only) .................. \$ 5.00
7 to 8 feet ............................................................ $\mathbf{1 0 . 0 0}$
8 to 10 feet ........................................................... 12.50


#### Abstract

MAJESTIC LOCUST-(Pat. Pending) A strong, exceptionally graceful tree of spreading growth habit. It is entirely thornless. The bold, abundant foliage is extremely dark green when mature. Flowers are occasionally polygamous, but seeding has been relatively light. 5 to 6 feet whips (Spring only) $\$ 4.75$ IMPERIAL LOCUST-(Pat. Pending) A new variety destined for recognition as one of the outstanding trees of this age. Branches are symmetrically arranged, forming a regular and compact tree with dense shade. Thornless, and flowers are staminate with no seeds. 5 to 6 feet whips (Spring only) \$ 5.00 6 to 8 feet 10.00


SKYLINE LOCUST-(Pat. Pending) A new, stately, and unusual variety with distinctive pyramidal form. Branches are uniformly spaced and arranged, resulting in a well filled tree of rather formal appearance. Thornless, and practically all of the flowers produced are male, so seeding is of minor importance.
5 to 6 feet whips (Spring only)
$\$ 5.00$
SUNBURST LOCUST-(Pat. No. 1313) New thorn-
less and seedless variety with branch tips of
bright golden yellow, shading to bronze at
the ends, contrast sharply with the rich green
inner foliage to make it look like a flowering
tree bursting with bloom. Has stately form with
broad-pyramidal head.
5 to 6 feet whips (Spring only) ........................................................................ 500
6 to 8 feet ...............

HACKBERRY-A native tree of the Illinois River valley. Has narrow, pointed leaves, slender branches and rough bark. An excellent tree for city planting.

Each

10 to 12 feet ........................................................................................... 9.00
KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE (Gymnacic Aus)-This tree rises with a straight shaft anc is topped with a wide-spreading noticeably light or airy crown made up of graceful foliage evenly distributed. In an early day, its seeds were to some extent used as a substitute for coffee.

Each

8 to 10 feet ........................................................... 6.00
KOELREUTERIA PANICULATA (Golden Rain or Varnish Tree)-So called because of the large clusters of showy yellow flowers born at the ends of the upper branches followed by seed pods which appear to be varnished. Never exceeds 30 feet in height.
5 to 6 feet B \& B
\$7.50

LINDEN, AMERICAN (Basswood)-Extensively planted because of their dense, attractive foliage and the abundant, fragrant, yellowish flowers which add to their beauty. Source of honey for the bees.
6 to 8 feet
$\$ 5.00$

LINDEN, EUROPEAN (Little Leaf Linden)-A favorite street tree because of its pyramidal form. Foliage dark green. Bark has a distinctive brown color.
6 to 8 feet ............................................................................
8 to 10 feet ............................................................ 8.00
MAGNOLIA ACUMINATA-The Cucumber Magnolia is native in Southern Illinois and is very desirable for ornamental planting in this area. Attains an average height of 50 feet and has beautiful leaves which are 6 to 10 inches long, 4 to 6 inches wide, often with wavy edges, dark green above, and lighter beneath. The older trees bloom with a flower that is whitish green tinged with yellow. The fruit is a smooth, dark red cone resembling a small cucumber. Each
5 to 6 feet B\&B
. $\$ 6.50$
6 to 8 feet $\mathrm{B} \& \mathrm{~B}$
9.50

MAGNOLIA NIGRA (Red Saucer Cup Magnolia) Similar in habit and appearance to the Soulangeana but its blossoms are dark red, and it flowers about two weeks later. A striking specimen although it does not bear as many blossoms as the Soulangeana.
3 to 4 feet
$\$ 15.00$
MAGNOLIA SOULANGEANA (Saucer Cup Mag-nolia)-By far the best of the hardy Magnolias, producing a wealth of delicate shaded blooms, just before the leaves open. The flowers open light purple at the base, shading to pink at the tips, with inside petals clear pink to white. One of our most beautiful ornamentals.

Each
2 to 3 feet .......................................................... 9.00
3 to 4 feet ............................................................. 13.50

MAGNOLIA STELLATA-The Star Magnolia is the hardiest of this class. A much-branched, widespreading, large shrub, bearing a great profusion of large pinkish-white fragrant blooms before the leaves in the Spring.

Each
30 to 36 inches
\$12.50
MAPLE, CRIMSON KING (Plant Patent No. 735) This tree is a hard maple type which is a cross between Norway and Schwedler Maple. It leafs out red in the spring similar to the Schwedler and holds this red color all summer. It can be truly called Red Maple. Each 5 to 6 feet (whips) ....................................... $\$ 5.00$

7 to 8 feet ............................................................. 12.50
$11 / 2$ to 2 inches ............................................................ 15.00
MAPLE. HARD or SUGAR-Makes a round, dense top. medium rapid growth and one of the best for shadin. Rather slow about getting started after being planted, but when once established, makes a rapid growth. The leaves give beautif:l autumn tints of yellow and scarlet. Has no equal for shade.

Each
5 to 6 feet
\$ 3.75
6 to 8 feet ................................................................................................. 5.5
8 to 10 feet ..... .......................................................................... 8.00
10 to 12 feet ..........................................................................................
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ inches .................................................................................
MAPLE, RED (Acer Rubrum)-This is the trueRed Maple and is distinguished by its smoothgray bark and brilliant leaves in the fall. Re-quires a moist location. It makes a medium-sized tree and is quick-growing.Each
6 to 8 feet ..... $\$ 6.00$8 to 10 feet
8.50
$1^{11 / 2}$ to 2 inches ..... 10.00
MAPLE, RED LEAF or SCHWEDLER-Noted forits beautiful foliage. Comes out a rich, ruby-red in spring, gradually changes to purplish-green.
5 to 6 feet (Whips) ..... \$3.75
6 to 7 feet ..... 6.50
7 to 8 feet ..... 9.50
MAPLE, SILVER-Well-known rapid-growing treevaluable where quick shade is wanted. It isamong the first trees planted for shade by theearly settlers.Each
6 to 8 feet .....  $\$ 3.50$
8 to 10 feet ..... 5.00
10 to 12 feet, ( $11 / 2$ to 2 in .) ..... 8.00
12 to 14 feet, ( 2 to $2^{1 / 2} \mathrm{in}$.) ..... 12.50

MAPLE, NORWAY-A native of Europe. Grows similar in habit to the Hard Maple, but more dense. Its compact habit, broad, deep green shining foliage, render it one of the most desirable for streets and lawns.

Each
5 to 6 feet (whips)
. $\$ 2.00$

7 to 8 feet ......................................................................... 8.00
8 to 10 feet, ( $1^{1 / 4}$ to $11 / 2 \mathrm{in}$ ) ....................................... 10.00
$11 / 2$ to 2 inches .................................................-- 12.50
2 to $2^{1 / 2}$ inches .................................................. 15.00

MAPLE, NORWAY COLUMNARIS-Compact, narrow form of the regular Norway for street planting, accent, and formal effect. Particularly useful for shallow lawnstrips.
6 to 7 feet
\$ 6.25
7 to 8 feet
9.00
$11 / 4$ to $11 / 2$ inches
11.50

OAK, PIN-Forms a symmetrical pyramidal head with long pendulous branches. The foliage is much cut and assumes a bright red in autumn. Because of its erect, symmetrical and rather rapid growth, it is much used for avenues and as a specimen tree on lawns.
5 to 6 feet.............................................................. $\mathbf{\$ 5 . 0 0}$
6 to 8 feet............................................................... 7.50
8 to 10 feet, ( $11 / 1$ to $11 / 2$ in.) ......................... 10.00
$1^{1 / 2}$ to 2 inches ...................................................... 12.50
2 to $21 / 2$ inches, Bare Root .............................. 15.00
2 to $2^{11 / 2}$ inches, B \& B ...................................... 25.00
$2^{1 / 2}$ to 3 inches, Bare Root ............................. 20.00
$2^{1 / 2}$ to 3 inches, B \& B .................................................. 32.50

OAK, RED-Has broad, round head with cut foliage of glossy, dull green which turns a dark red in the autumn. One of the finest quickgrowing trees in the world after it has become established.

Each
$11 / 2$ to 2 inches $\$ 10.00$
2 to $21 / 2$ inches .................................................... 15.00

OAK, WHITE-Called the King of Oaks. Makes a large, massive tree. Leaves are large, bright green above, pale or whitish beneath, turning deep red in fall.
2 to $21 / 2$ inches ................................................................

POPLAR, BOLEANA (Silver-leaf Poplar)-This variety is similar in habit to the Lombardy Poplar but does not grow quite so fast. It has a smooth green bark and the leaves are silver underneath and dark green on top. Each
5 to 6 feet ................................................................... 1.75

POPLAR, LOMBARDY-Very tall, rapid-growing tree with spire-like habit. Its tall, narrow lines make it picturesque compared to the more rounded forms of other trees. Used extensively in screens, or to accent shrubbery groups. Each
3 to 4 feet Whips .-.............................................-........ 50
5 to 6 feet ................................................................................ 1.00
6 to 8 feet ...................................................................-. 1.50

10 to 12 feet ............................................................................. 2.25

SWEET GUM (Liquidambar Styraciflua)-A very common tree in Southern Illinois and one that should be more widely planted for ornamental use because of its brilliant fall coloring. The bark is a light gray, roughened by corky scales. The leaf is star-shaped and very aromatic.

Each
4 to 5 feet B. and B.
\$ 7.00
5 to 6 feet B. and B.
9.50

6 to 8 feet B. and B. ...................................................... 15.00

SYCAMORE-Also called Buttonwood. Considered the largest hardwood tree in North America. Reaches its largest size along streams and on rich bottom-lands. It is one of the more rapidgrowing trees. Needs moist location. The bark on the younger trunk and large limbs is very smooth and greenish-gray in color. The outer bark yearly flakes off in large white patches and exposes the nearly white younger bark. 6 to 8 feet
$\$ 4.50$

$11 / 2$ to 2 inches ........................................................................ 8.5


THORNE, PAUL'S SCARLET-This has brilliant red, double flowers in the spring and is one of the choicest ornamental tree-shrubs in existence. Fine for heavy screens.

Each
6 to 7 feet
$\$ 10.00$

THORNE, WASHINGTON-This Hawthorne is one of the best for formal plantings. Narrow in habit with a dark, green glossy foliage. Blooms with an attractive white flower in the spring and is followed with clusters of red berries which hang on until winter. Very hardy. Each
4 to 5 feet, Bare Root
\$ 4.50
5 to 6 feet, B. and B. .-............................................ 10.00
6 to 8 feet, B. and B. ...................................... 15.00


This tree is native in Southern Illinois and considered one of our most valuable hardwood trees. When it reaches maturity, it blooms in the spring with tulip-like white flowers. It has a very attractive foliage and makes a beautiful ornamental shade tree. The balled and burlaped.

Each
5 to 6 feet B. and B
6.50

2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ inches, B. and B. ..................................... 16.50
$21 / 2$ to 3 inches, B. and B. .---......................... 25.00

WEEPING WILLOW-The well-known graceful Weeping Willow whose long, drooping branches densely covered with fresh, green leaves, make it one of the best-loved trees. Very rapid grower. Likes moist situations.

Each

8 to 10 feet ......................................................................................


Due to an old American custom, we close each day from 12 to 1 for lunch

## FLOWERING SHRUBS

Nature is always bounteous in her gifts to man and has been unstinting in giving us a great wealth of shrubs with their perfume and flowers, with their vari-colored foliage and bright fruit. No one with home grounds either large or small should be without the enjoyment of these wonderful gifts. Who can measure the uplifting influence they have upon those who are enraptured by their beauty and fragrance!
They require but little care when once established and grow in size and beauty each year. They are very effective for screens, borders, and for grouping on the lawn There may be had a succession of bloom the entire season by
planting the various kinds, and many will hang with highly-colored fruit during the fall and winter.
There is scarcely a home in country, suburb, or town, the beauty and value of which cannot be enhanced by a judicious planting of the grounds, be they large or small; and for this purpose there is no class of plants that lend themselves more readily than the hardy flowering shrubs. In this part of the Midwest their importance has only begun to be appreciated.
To meet this demand we have added a number of desirable hardy flowering and ornamentalleaved varieties to our list of shrubs.

## Classified Ornamental and Flowering Shrubs By Ultimate Size

SHRUBS LESS THAN THREE FEET TALL
Deutzia Gracilus
Potentilla Fruiticosa
Hypericums
Viburnum Opulus Nana
Ribes Alpinum
Spirea Anthony Waterer
Lodense Privet
Cotoneaster Apiculata
"Pygmy" Crimson Barberry
Azalea Mollis

## SHRUBS THREE TO FOUR FEET TALL

Barberry, Red, Green, Mentor
Aronia Arbutifolia
Symphoricarpus
Deutzia Lemoine
Kerrias and Jetbead
Hydrangea A. G.
Golden Privet
Flowering Almond
Euonymus Alatus Compacta
Dwarf Ninebark
Cydonia Japonica
Regal's Privet
Cotoneaster Divaricata
Spirea Froebeli
Caryopteris Winterberry

## SHRUBS FOUR TO SIX FEET TALL

Spirea Thunbergi
Spirea Prunifolia
Spirea Richmensis
Hydrangea P. G.
Rosa Grootendorst
Rosa Hansa

Viburnum Carlesi
Amelanchier Canadensis
Euonymus Alatus
Calycanthus
Prunus Besseyi
Cephalanthus

## SHRUBS SIX TO NINE FEET TALL

Honeysuckle, Morrowi, Fragrantissima, Korolkowi, Maacki
Lilacs
Mock Oranges
Forsythia
Viburnums
Althea
Amorphia
Cornus Mas, Lutea; Siberica
Deutzia Crenata
Witch Hazel
Hazelnut
Beauty Bush
Prunus Triloba
Shepherdia
Spirea V. H.
Weigelias Rosa Hugonis
SHRUBS OVER NINE FEET TALL
Honeysuckle Zabeli
Tamarix
Russian Olive
Acer Ginnala
Red Bud
Rhus Cotinus
Prunus Cistena
Flowering Dogwood

# Classified Shrubs For Special Purposes 

## SHRUBS FOR SHADE

Barberry, Mentor and Jap
Symphoricarpus Chenaulti
Regal's Privet
Alpine Currant
Viburnums
Witch Hazel
Amorphia
Amelanchier

## Hydrangea

## SHRUBS WITH COLORED LEAVES

Red and Pygmy Barberry
Golden Privet
Golden Elder Prunus Cistena (Red)

## SHRUBS FOR FALL COLORING

Euonymus Alatus \& Compacta (Burning Bush) Acer Ginnala
Barberry Spirea Prunifolia
SHRUBS WITH ATTRACTIVE FRUITS
Euonymus
Cotoneaster
Viburnum Opulus and Lantana
Barberry Jap
Symphoricarpus Chenaulti
Jetbead
Aronia
Winterberry

## ACER

ACER GINNALA (Amur Maple) - A graceful, shrubby tree, native of $N$. China, the foliage turning a vivid crimson in the fall. Planted extensively as a specimen or with other shrubs because of its form and attractive foliage. Cannot be considered a shade tree because of its dwarf habit.

Each
15 to 18 inches $\$ 1.00$

ACER PALMATUM ATROPURPUREA NOVUM (Dwf. Bloodleaf Japanese Maple) - An exotic shrubby tree with magnificent purple-red foliage, gracefully lacinated. It is attractive at all seasons and makes a handsome specimen on the lawn, or can be used in the foreground of the shrub border. Should have some winter protection. Each 15 to 18 inches from 5 gal. cans Each
$\$ 7.00$

## DOWNY SHADBLOW

AMELANCHIER CANADENSIS (Juneberry) - A small shrubby tree growing to the height of 10 feet. Blooms in midspring with a small, delicate, airy-like, white flower followed with a maroon-purple berry which is very attractive to the birds. The foliage colors nicely in the fall. Does very well in shady locations. Each 18 to 24 inches.................................................... $\$ 1.50$

AMORPHA FRUITICOSA (False Indigo) - A tall, erect shrub of loose, open character. Foliage similar to Locust but finer in texture. Blooms in late spring, with dense, terminal spiky racemes, purple with orange anthers. An effective ornamental wher kept pruned.

Each 3 to 4 feet
\$1.50

## ALMOND

AMYGDALUS (Flowering Almond)-Very early spring flowering shrub, gaily in bloom before the leaves appear. The flowers are an attractive bright double pink. Each 18 to 24 inches $\$ 1.25$

## ALTHEA

ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon)-Upright growing shrub noted for its profusion of large blooms in September and October. This is the only shrub which produces varied color in the border for fall. Named colors: Red, Pink, White, and Blue.

Each
3 to 4 feet
\$1.25

ARONIA ARBUTIFOLIA (Red Chokeberry) - A graceful, loosely erect shrub with slender branching stems. Foliage dark green in summer, turning a brilliant crimson in Fall. Its bright red berries appear in autumn and persist through winter. A useful filler in masses and borders.

Each
2 to 3 feet
$\$ 1.50$

## AZALEA

AZALEA MOLLIS (Hardy Azalea)-A deciduous form of the Azalea which has proven hardy throughout the mid-west, does not require an acid soil and can be grown with ordinary culture. Blooms with salmon-colored flowers in the spring before the leaves appear.

Each 15 to 18 inches
. $\$ 4.75$

## BARBERRY

BARBERRY, CRIMSON PYGMY-One of the most outstanding small shrubs of recent introduction. Its brilliant foliage is oxblood-red. Additional charm is created by the tiny new growth tips which are several shades lighter. Very slow in growth and will never get over 12 inches high with a spread of 15 inches. 6 to 3 inches, From 1 gal. cans
\$1.53
BARBERRY, THUNBERGI-There is no shrub in existence more commonly used for foundation and hedge plantings. Autumn paints the foliage crimson and bronze, and studs the branches with red berries which hang all winter. Each 15 to 18 inches ................................................................. 18 to 24 inches .90

BARBERRY, RED LEAF-A shrub of medium height, with distinctly red foliage throughout the year. It needs a sunny location to bring out the color of the leaves. Each 15 to 18 inches ............................................................. 18 to 24 inches, B. and B. .............................. 1.75

## BARBERRY MENTORENSIS-Plant Patent No. 99

 -Very rugged, strong, upright growing branches and quite formidable thorns, foliage is heavy and thick, and of perfect color-a green as dark as the Yew. In Illinois, the leaves remain green until after the holidays. In southern states, this barberry is an evergreen. Its most valuable attribute is its ability to withstand heat and drought. Will grow in almost any impossible location. Each 15 to 18 inches ............................................... \$1.25
## BUDDLEIA

BUDDLEIA (Butterfly Bush)-A semi-herbaceous plant which begins to bloom in July and continues until frost. The flowers are of a pleasing shade of violet-mauve and borne in dense cylindrical spikes. Very fragrant and attractive to the butterflies Each
2 yr. stocks
\$1.00

## CALYCANTHUS

CALYCANTHUS FLORIDUS (Sweet Shrub)-Oldfashioned All-spice, with glossy leaves and chocolate colored flowers, with the fragrance of the strawberry; the wood and leaves have a very pleasant, spicy fragrance.

Each
2 to 3 feet
\$1.25

## blue mist

CARYOPTERIS (Blue Mist)-A bushy plant from 2 to 4 feet high with excellent foliage, and covers itself with fuzzy gray-lavender flower in September and October. Sometimes freezes to ground but will renew itself and bloom again in one season.

Each
15 to 18 inches
$\$ 1.00$

## WHITE FRINGE

CHIONANTHUS VIRGINICA (White Fringe)-A large shrub or small tree with somewhat stiff, spreading branches bearing very fragrant white flowers with the leaves in late Spring. Used generally as a specimen and very good in city planting as it will endure smoke and dust. Each 2 to 3 feet, B\&B
\$3.00

## BUTTONBUSH

CEPHALANTHUS OCCIDENTALS (Buttonbush) A very interesting shrub because of its unusual blooms which are creamy-white balls borne three at the tip of branches during mid-summer. Will grow in good garden soil, but prefers wet, swampy, locations. Each 3 to 4 feet $\$ 1.50$

## RED BUD

CERCIS CANADENSIS (Red Bud)-Before the leaves come out, the branchlets are covered with clusters of small, purplish pink pea blossoms. Native of the Illinois River Valley. The foliage consists of medium size, heart-shaped leaves. Very ornamental. Each

4 to 5 feet .............................................................. 3.00
5 to 6 feet B and B ........................................... 6.50
6 to 7 feet B and B .......................................... 9.50

## SWEET PEPPERBUSH

CLETHRA ALNIFOLIA (Sweet Pepperbush) - An oval, round-topped, erect shrub of medium height. Has very fragrant white flowers during midsummer. Valued for the clean' foliage, fragrant flowers, the delicate fall color, and the winter texture.

Each 15 to 18 inches .................................................... $\$ 1.25$

## COTONEASTER

COTONEASTER APICULATA (Cranberry Coton-easter)-A beautiful hardy dwarf Cotoneaster with arching branches which are covered with bright, shiny green leaves which color in the Fall and hang on into winter. The branches are weighted down during autumn with masses of big crimson fruits, the size of cranberries. Each 12 to 15 inches, From 1 gal. can ................ $\$ 1.50$

COTONEASTER DIVARICATA-A beautiful hardy shrub of recent introduction from Northern China with spreading slender branches and beautiful dark green foliage persistent until into the winter. Each
2 to 3 feet .............................................................-. $\$ 1.75$
2 to 3 feet B and B ......................................... 2.75

## DOGWOOD

CORNUS FLORIDUS (White Flowering Dogwood) -Small tree-like shrub. It is handsome in early spring with its four white, blunt-ended bracts surrounding the dense heads of small greenish flowers, and again in fall with scarlet fruits and gorgeous leaf coloring.

Each
3 to 4 feet, B\&B
\$7.50

CORNUS FLORIDUS RUBRA (Pink Flowering Dog-wood)-Similar in habit to the White Flowering, but the blooms are pink. Each 3 to $31 / 2$ feet, B. and B. .......................................... $\$ 8.50$

CORNUS LUTEA (Yellow Dogwood)-A shrub of medium size with bright yellow bark in the winter. Good green foliage. Each
2 to 3 feet.
\$1.25
CORNUS SIBERICA (Red Dogwood)- A shrub with blood-red branches in the winter. Fruit bright blue and flowers white. Attractive to desirable birds. Each


## haZEL-NUT

CORYLUS AMERICANA (Hazel-nut) - Excellent native shrub valued for its edible nut and useful for naturalistic plantings in large areas. Grows in dense clumps or thickets, filling the ground with erect branches.

Each
2 to 3 feet
. $\$ 1.50$

## CYDONIA

CYDONIA JAPONICA RUBRA (Japan Quince) -Old-fashioned shrub with glossy leaves and red flowers in great profusion in early spring before the leaves appear. This is a select strain grown from cuttings. Each 2 to 3 feet
\$1.25

## DEUTZIA

DEUTZIA GRACILUS (Dwarf Deutzia)-Seldom grows more than two feet high. Bears many lovely racemes of white flowers in late spring.

Each
12 to 15 inches.
$\$ 1.25$

DEUTZIA LEMOINE (Hybrid Deutzia)-Makes a broad, rounded bush of medium growth and has large clusters of white flowers in late spring. Very hardy and has an excellent foliage all summer.

Each
18 to 24 inches
. $\$ 1.25$

## EUONYMUS

EUONYMUS ALATUS (Winged Euonymus)-Has dwarf compact habit, wood very corky, which gives it the name of cork bark. Has small delicate flowers in late spring, followed by red berries in fall. Foliage turns a brilliant red in the fall.

Each
15 to 18 inches
$\$ 1.75$

EUONYMUS ALATUS COMPACTA-A compact growing form of the winged Euonymus. One of the most beautiful shrubs in existence. Can be used both in foundation and border planting.

Each
15 to 18 inches
$\$ 2.00$

EUONYMUS YEDDO-A new oriental form of the Euonymus which is outstanding because of its large showy leaves which turn a brilliant orange in the fall.

Each 3 to 4 feet .......................................................... $\mathbf{\$ 2 . 0 0}$

## RUSSIAN OLIVE

ELAEAGNUS ANGUSTIFOLIA (Russian Olive)Rather large growing shrub with silvery foliage. Fine for screen plantings for contrast with other shrubs. Has small, yellow blossoms in June.


5 to 6 feet
2.00

## FORSYTHIA

FORSYTHIA INTERMEDIA (Golden Bell)-One of the most desirable for foundation and border planting, because of its very graceful habit. Flowers yellow and bell-shaped, bloom along the entire length of the branches in early spring before the leaves appear.

Each 3 to 4 feet $\$ 1.00$


FORSYTHIA SPRING GLORY-This Golden Bell is lighter in color than the Intermedia, but a very heaviy bloomer. There is nothing that will make you forget winter as quickly nor amnounce Spring as flamboyantly. Each 18 to 24 inches . $\mathbf{\$ 0 . 9 0}$

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2 to 3 feet 1.25
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3 to 4 feet 1.50

## WITCH HAZEL

HAMAMELIS VIRGINIANA-A spreading shrub of irregularly rounded outline, compact when young, but becoming open and picturesque with age. Will grow in partial shade and endures city conditions. Has misty yellow bloom in fall after leaves fall. Useful as a background shrub and as a specimen.

Each
2 to 3 feet
\$1.50

## HONEYSUCKLE

HONEYSUCKLE FRAGRANTISSIMA (Fragrant or Winter Honeysuckle)-A clean, handsome shrub with a long season of beautiful foliage. The bloom comes in very early spring, creamywhite, small, not very noticeable, with a fragrance like Colgate's soap. Has a red fruit in early summer which is attractive to the birds. Will grow in partial shade. Each
3 to 4 feet
$\$ 1.25$
HONEYSUCKLE MORROW'S - The Jap Bush Honeysuckle makes a heavy bush with dense foliage. Flowers white, changing to yellow; fruit bright red. This shrub branches well to the ground making it one of the best for border plantings. Each 2 to 3 feet ............................................................. $\$ .75$ 3 to 4 feet ............................................................................................................. $\mathbf{\$ 1 . 0 0}$ 4 to 5 feet ................................................................ $\$ 1.25$

HONEYSUCKLE ZABELI-This is a new form of the Tartarian Honeysuckle which differs in that it has a brighter red bloom and a denser habit. Foliage excellent blue-green throughout the season. Each





## HYDRANGEA

HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS (Hills of Snow)The flowers are similar to snowballs in appearance, white and imposing, blooming throughout the season. Excellent for solid low borders and foundation planting. One of the few shrubs which blooms well in shade. Each 18 to 24 inches ....................................................... $\$ 1.50$

HYDRANGEA P. G. (Hardy Hydrangea)-A wellknown shrub that blooms from August until late fall. The blooms are first white, then turn pink on the exposed side. It produces the largest flower head of all the shrubs. Will bloom in shady situations. DO NOT PLANT ON SOUTH FOUNDATIONS. Each 2 to 3 feet .-.............................................................-...-. $\mathbf{\$ 1 . 5 0}$

HYDRANGEA P. G. TREE FORM-The hardy hydrangea pruned to a single stem with a head that blooms the first year. Each 4 to 5 feet .......................................................................

## HYPERICUM

HYPERICUM AUREUM (St. John's Wort)-Hardy, dwarf shrub with dark green foliage that hangs on into winter. Blooms in July-Aug. with yellow flowers at a time when most shrubs are out of season.

Each
18 to 24 inches
\$1.25

[^0]HYPERICUM, SUN GOLD-A hardy, shapely, dwarf, twigy shrub, which grows into an almost completely oval globe of $21 / 2$ to 3 feet in diameter, and about 18 to 24 inches in height, densely covered with foliage that is handsome thhoughout the summer. It bears its cymes of golden flowers at the end of every shoot of the summer's new growth. Its flowers are large and produced in immense quantities, transforming this lovely plant into a small mound of gold when in full bloom.

Each
18 to 24 inches
\$2.0n
HYPERICUM KALMINIUM--Similar in habit and bloom to the Aureum, but foliage is steel blue in color.
18 to 24 inches
\$1.25

## KERRIA

KERRIA JAPONICA (Globe-flower or Yellow Ker-ria)-A low, broad, rounded, densely twiggy mass, spreading and becoming a little more loose as it grows older. Blooms in midspring for a moderate period with orange-yellow flowers. Likes partial shade.
15 to 18 inches
\$1.25
RHODOTYPUS KERRIOIDES (White Kerria or Jetbread)-A rounded, open shrub, with spreading, and somewhat arching branches. Foliage bright green. Blooms in midspring and intermittently all summer with four-petalled white flowers, followed in fall with shiny black berries born at the tips of the branches. Thrives in adverse places, stands shade, crowding, and city atmosphere.
2 to 3 feet
$\$ 1.25$

## BEAUTY BUSH

KOLKWITZIA AMABILIS (Bequty Bush) -This plant is a slender but erect shrub of bushy habit, with downward sweeping branches of very graceful aspect. Its flowers are like tiny foxgloves, bright shell pink, and produced in bewildering profusion.

Each
2 to 3 feet
$\$ 1.50$

## LILAC

LILAC, COMMON PURPLE (Syringa)-Large oldfashioned shrub with bluish-purple flowers. Very sweet-scented. The most popular and earliest to bloom of all lilacs. Each 2 to 3 feet
\$1.25
LILAC, PERSIAN PURPLE-The finest lilac for screen planting. Blooms the first year planted. Very dense growing and the foliage does not mildew.

Each
2 to 3 feet.............................................................. $\$ 1.00$
3 to 4 feet............................................................................................................ 1.25
LILAC, FRENCH-Named varieties in Red, Purple, and White. These lilacs are more dwarf growing than the others and are all grafted to insure pure color as well as guarantee blooms soon after planting.

Each
18 to 24 inches ............................................................. \$1.75

3 to 4 feet ......................................................................................... 2.75

LILAC, VILLOSA (Late Lilac)-Sometimes called Japonica, this handsome shrub blooms after all other lilacs are gone with a rosy-lilac colored flower. Has the best foliage of all lilacs and is a compliment to any border.
18 to 24 inches
$\$ 1.50$

## SOURWOOD

OXYDENDRON ARBOREUM (Sourwood)-It has thick, fissured bark; long, slender, pointed leaves with a sour taste, and small white flowers in conspicuous semi-drooping panicles. It is frequently in front of large trees, or as background for low borders, as the bright, glossy, green leaves turn a brilliant scarlet in the fall.

Each
2 to 3 feet, B\&B
$\$ 3.75$

## NINEBARK

PHYSOCARPUS OPULIFOLIA NANA (Dwarf Nine-bark)-Semi-dwarf and very thick and bushy in growth, attractive light brown bark, creamy white bloom in late spring. Very good for informal hedges or low borders.

Each
18 to 24 inches
$\$ 1.00$

## PHILADELPHIUS (Mock Orange)

PHILADELPHUS CORNARIUS (Sweet Scented Mock Orange)-Familiar shrub with vigorous erect habit that has white blossoms near Decoration Day. The breath of orange blossomsof such entrancing fragrance-intense from the multitude of bloom, that is a necessity to a garden, and works splendidly in all sorts of plantings.

Each
2 to 3 feet ...................................................................................... 85


PHILADELPHUS VIRGINALIS - A magnificent new variety, far exceeds any other Mock Orange in beauty and form. Flowers are semidouble and cover the entire bush in early June. Has scattered blossoms the balance of the year. Each
2 to 3 feet
\$1.25
PHILADELPHUS MINNESOTA SNOWFLAKE(Plant Patent No. 538)-A very hardy, new mock orange introduced by a Minnesota nursery. The name Snowflake describes the shrub correctly. When in full bloom, the foliage is completely obscured by the profusion of large white flowers.

Each
18 to 24 inches ................................................................ $\mathbf{~} 1.00$

3 to 4 feet .........................................................................................

## POTENTILLA

POTENTILLA FRUTICOSA-A beautiful, small, 3foot high shrub, upright in growth, yet compact. Foliage is dense and fernlike in effect. Yellow flowers, $11 / 2$ inches across, borne with profusion in late summer. A splendid low growing shrub for foreground planting. Prefers sunny location.

Each

## PRIVET



PRIVET, LODENSE-This is a dwarf bushy privet which is excellent for low hedges. Foliage is very dark green and looks almost like boxwood. The foliage hangs on until almost Christmas.

Each
12 to 15 inches .................................................... $\mathbf{\$ 0 . 7 5}$ 15 to 18 inches ............................................................................

PRIVET, REGAL'S-A low spreading form with gracefully drooping branches. The dense growth and dark green persistent leaves make it a desirable shrub for foundation or border planting, growing in shade and other impossible places.

Each 18 to 24 inches..................................................... $\$ 1.00$

PRIVET, GOLDEN (Ibota Vicari)-New hardy privet that carries golden-yellow leaves, providing a wealth of interesting contrasts from early spring until late fall. Develops a neat compact shrub that can be trimmed into any shape. Suitable for use as an individual shrub, or for hedging.

Each 15 to 18 inches
\$1.00
PRIVET, ENGLISH PYRAMIDAL-Habit very formal, requiring little trimming. Foliage, waxy, dark green and persisting into early winter.
12 to 15 inches
$\$ 1.00$
15 to 18 inches
1.25

## PRUNUS

PRUNUS BESSEYI (Hanson's Bush Cherry) - Beautiful as an ornament and valuable for its fruit. Easy to grow; effective in any landscape planting and which bears delicious fruit of good size and excellent flavor. Fruit is wonderful to eat right from the bush; makes superb jam, or clear, sparkling jelly. Perfectly hardy anywhere. They always retain their dwarf stature. 2 to 3 feet
$\$ 1.00$
PRUNUS CISTENA (Purple Leaved Prune)-Outstanding because of its brilliant red foliage throughout the growing season. Has a small pink bloom in spring. Each 3 to 4 feet $\$ 2.00$

PRUNUS TRILOBA (Tree Flowering Almond)The small, double, quilled, bright pink flowers stud every twig and branchlet in the spring before the leaves appear. Each
3 to 4 feet
\$2.00
PRUNUS TOMENTOSUM (Nanking Cherry)-A contented-looking shrub with straight upstanding branches, each stem completely surrounded by tiny cherry blossoms, which envelop the whole bush. The red fruits which follow are very attractive and are delicious to eat. Each 3 to 4 feet
$\$ 1.25$

## ALPINE CURRANT

RIBES ALPINUM (Alpine Currant)-An excellent, dense foliage mass; useful for borders and hedges; one of the best shrubs for shady locations. In central Ill., foliage will burn if planted in direct sunlight.
15 to 18 inches
\$1.25

## RHUS (Sumac)

RHUS COTINUS (Smoke Bush)-A bushy shrub that has handsome foliage and large clusters of rather showy flowers, followed by peculiar long-haired seeds which give the plant the effect of being covered with a greenish-purple film of smoke.

Each
3 to 4 feet
$\$ 2.00$

RHUS TYPHINA (Staghorn or Cut-leaf Sumac)Named because of its very fuzzy twigs and interesting branch structure. This sumas does well in dry soils and shade. Brilliant foliage in fall and bright fruit pyramids make this plant stand out among any others all during fall and winter.

Each
3 to 4 feet ....................................................................

## ROSA

ROSA GROOTENDORST (Hardy Red Rose)-This plant is one of the showiest hardy roses in existence. It is covered the entire season with clusters of semi-double, red roses. Vigorous growing and can be used almost anywhere in the border.

Each 2 yr. No. 1 ................................................................ $\$ 1.50$

ROSA HANSA-Large, double red flowers which are very fragrant. Blooms off and on all summer, has an excellent foliage, and makes a good hedge. Each 2 to 3 feet
. $\$ 1.25$
ROSA HUGONIS (Father Hugh's Rose)-It is an extremely graceful, arching shrub, growing 5 to 6 feet in height. One of the earliest ornamental plants to come into flower, it frequently opens in April, covering itself with thousands of single yellow flowers of delicate fragrance. Its foliage is particularly dainty. Each 2 yr. No. 1
\$1.25
ROSA MULTIFLORA (Hedging Rose)-This is the very hardy rose plant that is recommended by the Department of Agriculture for farm fencing and conservation planting. Makes an impenetrable hedge, stock tight in very few years. Planted extensively as a wild game shelter. No. 1 Seedlings
per 100, \$ 6.00
$500 \quad 25.00$
$1,000 \quad 45.00$

## PUSSY WILLOW

SALIX DISCOLOR (Pussy Willow)-A fast-growing shrub-tree, blooming very early in the spring before the leaves come out. The fernlike catkins borne along the branches make it very attractive. Loves moist places.

Each 3 to 4 feet
$\$ 1.25$

## GOLDEN ELDER

SAMBUCUS AUREA (Golden Elder)-Its goldenyellow leaves contrast beautifully with other shrubs. Flowers white, in flat-topped cymes. A heavy, rank grower.

Each
2 to 3 feet
. $\$ 1.00$

## SPIREA

SPIREA ANTHONY WATERER (Rose Spirea)Low growing type of very compact, dense habit, with flat-topped clusters of rose-colored flowers throughout the season. Excellent for low foundation plantings.

Each
15 to 18 inches
\$1.00
SPIREA FROEBELI (Froebel Spirea)-Compact shrub of medium height producing numerous flat-topped clusters of orchid-pink flowers during the summer and later the foliage turns to the autumn colors.

Each
18 to 24 inches
\$1.00
SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI (Bridal Wreath)-One of the finest of flowering shrubs, and none so popular or widely planted. Its adaptibility to almost any soil or situation makes it one of the most desirable shrubs under cultivation. Each 2 to 3 feet \$ 85
3 to 4 feet. 1.00

SPIREA PRUNIFOLIA (True Bridal Wreath)Shrub of rather stiff, dense growth, with shiny foliage, turning bright autumn tints in the fall. Has tiny double white flowers in clusters, borne with utmost profusion along all of the branches as the leaves appear in the spring.

Each
2 to 3 ft .
. $\$ 1.50$
SPIREA THUNBERGI (Snow Garland)-A shrub with thin, arching branches plentifully besprinkled in very early spring with tiny, single, snow-white flowers. It is a dainty and very beautiful shrub, with feathery, fresh green foliage that in autumn turns scarlet and orange.

Each
2 to 3 feet
$\$ 1.00$

## CORALBERRY

SYMPHOROCARPUS CHENAULTI (Improved Cor-alberry)-Graceful shrub with coral-colored berries that hang on during the winter. Its habit and fine texture of foliage and twigs make it fine for foundation planting. Will grow in shady locations.

Each
2 to 3 feet
$\$ 1.00$

## TAMARIX

TAMARIX-Heavy growing shrub with reddishpurple branches and bluish-green feathery foliage. Flowers in large pink panicles in August.

Each
3 to 4 feet .-.-.-..........................................................................

## VIBURNUM

VIBURNUM CARLESI (Fragrant Viburnum)-The flowers are waxy pink and deliciously fragrant, produced in early spring when the leaves are unfolding. It likes a well drained sunny place with plenty of moisture throughout the season. Each
18 to 24 inches, B. and B. ..............................- $\$ 3.75$
2 to 3 feet, B. and B. .-........................................-. 5.00
VIBURNUM DENTATUM (Arrow Wood)-Upright growing with light green leaves. Flowers greenish-white followed by black fruit. A fine shrub for massing or foliage effect. Each
3 to 4 feet
\$1.25
VIBURNUM LANTANA (Wayfaring Tree)-A large robust shrub with fuzzy foliage light green above and silvery beneath. After this plant has been in a border a few years, it outshines all other shrubs, with its remarkable foliage.

Each
3 to 4 feet
\$1.25
VIBURNUM OPULUS (Highbush Cranberry)-Tall and upright, with good foliage and especially decorative red fruit in large clusters which resemble cranberries and hang on well into the winter.

Each
3 to 4 feet .....-.......................................................-------- $\$ 1.25$
VIBURNUM OPULUS NANA (Dwarf Highbush Cranberry) - A beautiful new shrub with the foliage of the regular Highbush Cranberry, but never exceeding the height of 24 inches. Excellen't for informal hedges and foundation plantings on low houses. Does better in semlshade.

Each
12 to 15 inches .................................................. $\$ 1.50$
VIBURNUM OPULUS STERILUS (Snowball)-Oldfashioned shrub that grows anywhere and blooms well. Characterized by its large clusters of white flowers at Decoration Day. Each
3 to 4 feet
\$1.25
VỉURNUM TOMENTOSUM (Doublefile Viburnum or Japanese Snowball) - A strong, vigorous shrub with broad-spreading, almost horizontal branches. Blooms in late spring with white, flat-topped flowers. Leaves are large and bronze-green in color, changing to dull red in fall.

Each 18 to 24 inches ................................................. $\$ 1.50$

## WEIGELA

WEIGELA, BRISTOL RUBY (Plant Patent No. 492)-The color of the flowers is a pleasing sparkling ruby-red. They are produced in tremendous quantities in the spring and intermittently throughout the summer and autumn. It attains a height of 6 to 7 feet at maturity, and grows into a well-rounded specimen requiring very little pruning.

Each
2 to 3 feet ....................................................... $\$ 1.50$
WEIGELA ROSEA (Rose Weigela)-Very freeflowering shrub. Pink flowers are produced in so great profusion as to almost hide the foliage. A well-known shrub, fine for massing or for single specimen.

Each 3 to 4 feet
. $\$ 1.00$

WEIGELIA BRONZE LEAF (Belgian Weigelia)-A new dwarf weigelia that is a handsome shrub for any garden. The unusual foliage appears to be tinted with bronze and when the light orchid tinted flowers appear, the effect is beautiful.

Each
18 to 24 inches
. $\$ 1.25$

## VINES

Vines should have deep, rich soil, and without which these charming shrubs will be both disappointing and commonplace. Generally vines about the house get set in a mixture of clay, brickbats, cinders and building refuse, and the owner finally decides that vines are not much good; while if the ground had been prepared by filling in with good, rich soil before planting, and mulched heavily with well rotted manure in the fall the results would be most satisfactory.

BOSTON IVY-The most popular climbing plant for covering brick, stone, or wooden walls. The color is a fresh, deep green in the summer, changing to autumn tints in the fall. Each 3 yr. No. 1 ...............................................................-.-.-. $\$ 1.25$

CLEMATIS JACKMANI-Hardy vine with very large purple flowers. They like a rich, moist situation and not too sunny location. Do not plant very deep. Each 2 yr . No. 1 $\$ 1.50$

CELASTRUS SCANDENS (Bittersweet) - Wellknown native climber, handsome glossy foliage and large clusters of beautiful orangecrimson fruit retained all winter. Each
3 yr. No. 1 \$1.25

EUONYMUS-(See Broad-Leaved Evergreens).
HEDERA-(See Broad-Leaved Evergreens).
LONICERA FLAMING RED-New climbing honey. suckle of unusual merit. Flowers much larger and brighter than the old Trumpet Honeysuckle. Each


LONICERA HALLIANA (Hall's Honeysuckle)Strong grower, holds foliage until early winter. Flowers white, changing to yellow; very fragrant.

Each
2 yr. No. 1 85c

POLYGONIUM AUBERTI (Silver Lace Vine)-The most vigorous and rapid-growing of all climbers, when blooming is covered with foamy sprays of creamy white flowers. Each


WISTERIA PURPLE-One of the best of the hardy climbers, producing dense drooping clusters of pea-shaped flowers in May and occasionally during the fall. Color, violet blue. Each 2 yr. No. 1 .....................................................................

## FRUITS

## CHOOSE YOUR VITAMINS

Illinois is one of the leading apple-growing States in the Union, and the fruit produced here is far superior in flavor and keeping qualities than any from the South or West. And unlike other fruits, its period of ripening extends throughout the year. So that by a selection of kinds one may have this most valuable fruit of his own growing in a fresh condition the year round. Don't kid yourself that apples do not grow here and that planting an orchard would be a waste of time and money.

As a dessert fruit, the pear is of great value. When properly ripened there is none of the tree fruits more luscious. It is an old saying that "ije who plants pears plants for his heirs." The pear is a very much longer-lived tree than the apple, and, as a rule, comes into bearing much later. However, we now have varieties that come into bearing soon after planting. The dwarf trees often bear in the nursery row, and commence bearing very soon after planting, and are annual bearers.

Peaches are the earliest to come into bearing after planting of any of the tree fruits. Trees
have been known to bear fruit within eighteen months from the time the seed sprouted, and it is not uncommon for them to bear in three years from the seed. Trees planted out usually come into bearing the second year and come into full bearing from three to four years.

The Plum being a native fruit, is of the most easy culture and an abundant bearer. There is an endless variety of colors and flavors as well as different times of ripening, extending from the middle of July to late fall.

The Apricot is one of the earliest of the tree fruits and is the first tree in the spring to show bloom. A rich, delicious fruit, coming between cherries and peaches. Very much like the peach in outward appearance, but like the plum in texture and quality. Aside from its value as a fresh fruit, the Apricot is fine for canning or drying, and vast quantities are used in this way every year.

The Cherry begins to bear when only a few feet in height, and is an annual bearer. The fruit is fine and delicious, and one of the earliest of the tree fruits.

## APPLES

Price, 11/16th inch caliper, 2-year-old, \$2.00

## Summer Varieties

YELLOW TRANSPARENT-This variety was introduced from Russia in 1870 by the U. S. Department of Agriculture and is one of the very hardiest and earliest bearers grown, usually bears in the nursery row. Of vigorous upright growth, but never makes a large tree. Fruit medium, skin clear white at first, becoming pale yellow when fully matured. Fruit may be used from ten days to two weeks earlier than any other kind. Extremely productive.

## Fall Varieties

MAIDEN BLUSH-An old-time favorite, ripening in Sept. Fruit medium to large, and golden in color with a pink blush. One of finest for sauce and canning.

WEALTHY-Vigorous spreading tree, extremely productive. This beautiful moderate-sized brilliant red apple is of fine quality, one of the best of its season. It is a relatively good keeper, and owing to the hardiness of the tree, its adaptability to cold climates and early bearing habit makes it a very profitable kind. Flesh white and tender, reddish stained and of excellent flavor. Season October to December.

## Winter Varieties

RED DELICIOUS-Tree very hardy, strong upright grower and comes into bearing soon. Fruit large, nearly covered with brilliant dark red. Flesh fine-grained, crisp, and melting. Juicy, with a delightful aroma; of very highest quality. This no doubt is the most popular and highest priced eating apple on the market. Season November to March.

YELLOW DELICIOUS-The Yellow Delicious is identical in shape and size with the red variety apple. Is completely yellow in appearance. Flavor sweet, and flesh is very firm, crisp and juicy. A splendid market apple.

GRIMES GOLDEN PIPPIN-Tree is vigorous grower and a hardy late bloomer. Comes into bearing young. Fruit medium to large, cylindrical in shape; flesh tender, juicy and rich. an oldtime favorite, never losing its popularity. A favorite in all markets and invariably brings the highest price. Color, a transparent golden yellow. Season November to April.

JONATHAN-For years the standard of quality by which other sorts have been gauged. Trees are long lived, productive and an early bearer. A brilliant red apple, highly flavored and of excellent quality--being tender, juicy, spicy and rich-a splendid family sort and highly profitable for market. Season November to April.

STAYMANS WINESAP-Tree vigorous, hardy spreading. An early and very productive fruit, medium size, roundish, approaching conic, skin smooth, greenish yellow, splashed and striped with red and purple, flesh yellow, firm tender, juicy, rich, subacid, aromatic; quality best. Splendid late keeper. Season December to April.

## Crab Apples

DOLGO-Fiery red. Bears young and abundantly. Tree very ornamental.

## MULTIPLE APPLE

5-n-I APPLE-Scientifically budded to produce 5 kinds of apple varieties all on one tree during the season. If your space is limited, plant one or two of these novel trees

Price Each, 4 to 5 ft ., $\$ 3.00$

## DWARF APPLES

RED DELICIOUS—Mall. IX ....................................... $\$ 3.00$
YELLOW TRANSPARENT-Mal1. IX 3.00

EARLY McINTOSH—Mall. IX ............................ 3.00
YELLOW DELICIOUS—Mall. IX ......................... 3.00
WEALTHY—Mall. IX .............................................. 3.00
DELCON-A new variety grown on standard stock but dwarf in habit. Produces full-size, dark red fruit similar in shape to Delicious but without knobs. Flavor is a combination of its parents, Delicious and Jonathan. Never develops over 12 feet in height and bears the second year after planting. Price
$\$ 2.50$

## PEACHES

## Price Each, 4 to 5 ft ., $\$ 2.00$

BELLE OF GEORGIA-Very large. White with red cheek. Firm and of fine quality. It is a rapid grower, very productive and a good shipper. Early September.

ELBERTA-Large to very large, yellow, with beautiful blush; firm, a little coarse, but tender and good. While quality is not the highest, it has made more money for the orchardist than any other peach. In all probability no peach has met with equal success in so wide a range of territory as this variety. Season medium early, following closely the early Crawford. Hardier in bud than most kinds, therefore a more uniform cropper.
GOLDEN JUBILEE-A choice freestone recently introduced by the New Jersey Experiment Station. Tree habits resemble Elberta. Brings top market prices because it is early and has a superior flavor.
J. H. HALE-Very large, golden yellow blushed red with fuzzless skin. Flesh is yellow, solid, tender, of highest quality and delicious flavor. Very fine. Freestone.

RED HAVEN-Extra Early. It shows a marvelous over-all red color when other varieties are yet green. An enormous and dependable bearing variety

## DWARF PEARS

Price, 2 yr. old, $\$ 2.50$
DWARF BARTLETT-Fruit same as the standard Bartlett, only it comes into bearing sooner.

DWARF DUCHESS-The regular Duchess pear budded on Quince.

DWARF SECKEL-The regular sugar pear. None better to eat or for spicing.

## APRICOTS

Price, 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft.}$, trees, each $\$ 2.25$
MOORPARK-Very large, yellowish green with red on sunny side. Flesh bright orange and freestone. Ripens in August.

SUPERB-The best flavored, most productive Apricot yet produced. Medium size, light salmon color, excellent quality. Ripens last of July.

## CHERRIES

Price, 4 to 5 ft trees, each $\$ 2.00$
EARLY RICHMOND-This is perhaps the most popular and valuable cherry yet produced. It is very prolific and bears bright red, juicy fruit, rather acid in flavor and unexcelled for cooking. Tree very hardy. Ripens about tenth of June.

LARGE MONTMORENCY-A large and bright red, very attractive Cherry. A very pleasant acid flavor. Ripens about ten days after the Richmond. The fruit is much sought after on account of its large size and fine flavor.

## DWARF CHERRY

METEOR (Minn. No. 66)-Cross of Montmorency and Shubianca seedling. Fruit very large. Color light red, skin thin. Stone small and free. Each $3 \sqrt[1,2]{ }$ feet and up \$2.75

## SWEET CHERRIES

Price, 4 to 5 ft . trees, each $\$ 2.25$
LAMBERT-A beautiful cherry of large size, pale yellow with bright red cheek; flesh firm and sweet.

BLACK TARTARIAN-This is the outstanding sweet cherry in our territory. Fruit is large, sweet, and of the highest quality. Tree is a thrifty, upright grower.

## PLUMS

Price, 4 to 5 ft . trees, each $\$ 2.25$
BURBANK-Fruit very large, yellowish in color with red cheek in sun. Extremely small pit. Bears middle of June.

FELLENBERG-Large, dark purple, and sweet plum. One of the best for home canning.

GREEN GAGE-A large oriental plum with fruit a greenish-yellow color. One of the finest eating plums in cultivation.

## SMALL FRUITS

## RASPBERRIES

CUMBERLAND-After growing and testing a large number of Blackcap Raspberries during the past years, we find that this variety is far ahead of any in its class. The fruit is black and large, with a rich flavor, and the canes are exceptionally free from disease, and is a vigorous grower. The crop is all ripened within a few days, making it a valuable market sort. We are now growing only this variety of Blackcap.
Price per 25 tips ..............................................-.--.-. 3.00
Price per 100 tips .......................................................... 10.00
LATHAM—After growing this variety we find it to be the largest and finest red berry we have ever had on the grounds. It originated at the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm, and is now recognized at the best of all the reds. It was first sent out as Minnesota No. 4. It is of extraordinary large size, bright red color and excellent flavor, and the fruiting season lasts over six weeks. While most of the red raspberries are inclined to winter-kill at times, this variety has proven extremely hardy in the far north. The large size, fine flavor and hardiness puts it ahead of any kind yet introduced. The canes are very strong and sturdy and stand up well.
Price per 10 transplants .................................-- 2.25
Price per 25 transplants ...............................--.-. 5.00
Price per 100 transplants .............................. 17.50
INDIAN SUMMER-One of the finest of new red raspberries. Fruits are large, firm in texture and keep their color when canned or quick frozen. Indian Summer makes an ideal berry for the home garden because the plants bear a heavy crop during the early summer and then bear another lighter crop in the fall. Price per 10 transplants
\$ 2.25
Price per 25 transplants .............................. 5.00
Price per 100 transplants ...............-.--............ 17.50

## BLACKBERRIES

EBONY KING-A sensational new hardy, upright Blackberry, guaranteed to bear large, luscious berries year after year. Blackberry sterility has been eliminated in this variety by plant selection.
Price, each ........................................................... . 35
Price, per 10 ........................................................ 3.25
Price for 100 ........................................................... 30.00

## CURRANTS

RED LAKE-Berries sometimes more than a half an inch in diameter. Bunches short. Vigorous and productive when grown on good soils and well cultivated. Price, 50c each.

## GOOSEBERRIES

2 yr. No. 1-75

PIXWELL-Very large fruit. Juicy and fine flavored. One of the best.

CHAMPION-A medium size gooseberry which is very vigorous and productive.

## GRAPES

The vines we have to offer are all two-yearold, grown from cuttings taken from bearing vines, and are first-class in every particular.

CACO-Fruit is very large, rich wine-red in color. Flavor of the finest, very rich and sweet. Excellent quality. Ripens in September. Vines are hardy, strong and vigorous growers, very prolific. Price, each, 50¢.

CONCORD-The fine old market leader, with handsome clusters of large and luscious fruit. Color a purplish black and of a most excellent flavor. Entirely hardy and productive; succeeds over a very great extent of country. One of the best known grapes and one that all other varieties are compared with. The grape for the million. Price, each, $35 ¢$.

MOORE'S EARLY-Excellent hardy variety, bearing very large berries with a heavy blue bloom. Valuable on account of its extreme earliness. Ripens from two to three weeks ahead of the Concord. Price, each, 50 ch.

NIAGARA (White)-A popular commercial sort. Berries and bunches are large; greenish-white in color, changing to pale yellow when fully ripe. Quality excellent. Price, each, 50 ¢ .

## STRAWBERRIES

Strawberries will produce more fruit to the square rod and in less time than any other fruit we can grow. They grow wild in every section of the country from Alaska to Florida. It has always been a mystery to me why so many people do not raise this most refreshing and early fruit. A few square rods will produce all that one family can possibly use.

PREMIER-This is the most popular early strawherry of the day. The berries are very large, long pointed, light red in color and present a good appearance in the basket and in market. No other early strawberry is anything near equal to it in productiveness.
Price for bunch of 25 plants
. $\$ 1.25$
Price per 100
3.50

DUNLAP-A perfect-flowers variety that fruits without being planted with other kinds. Is proving to be the most valuable Strawberry yet grown in the United States, and is a favorite everywhere. The berries are very large, bright red, well formed and highly flavored. Being a great plant producer, it does not require as many plants to set a row as other kinds.
Price per bunch of 25 plants ............................... $\$ 1.00$


ROBINSON-One of the better mid-season varieties which is grown extensively by commercial growers. One of the recommended berries for freezing in your locker.
Price per bunch of 25 plants .---------------------- $\$ 1.00$
Price per 100 .................................................................... 3.00

GEM (Everbearing)-Gem is the only everbearing variety that will make plants freely. The berry is dark red, pointed-about the size of Dunlap, of excellent quality and has a sweet, tart flavor. Gem commences to bear about 60 days ofter planted, and will continue to do well all summer and up until cold weather sets in. It can be grown on soil where an ordinary everbearing would be a failure.
 Price per 100 ........................................................ 5.00

STREAMLINER-The new everbearing strawberry. All growers state without fear of contradiction that this is the best of all everbearers Has rich red color throughout, is excellent for eating fresh and is recommended for canning or freezing. Very productive.
Price per bunch of 25 plants
\$1.53
Price per 100
5.00

## Garden Roots

## ASPARAGUS

Is of the easiest culture and is one of the first good things you may have from your garden. The plants, when once established will last indefinitely and improve with age. The ground should be well drained and well enriched with barnyard manure; give liberal dressing of manure each year.

WASHINGTON-A universal favorite. One of the best, and most popular of all varieties. Is rust resisting, grows very fast and comes up very thick. The heads are crisp, solid and compact. Price, strong roots, 10 plants
\$ 75 Price per 100
5.00

## RHUBARB

McDONALD RED-Is far superior to any other kind of rhubarb. It is bright cherry-red in color the full length of the stalk, very large and a huge producer. Is extremely tender and has a fine flavor. The greatest commercial variety ever put on the market. Price, 75c each

## VISITORS ARE ALWAYS WELCOME AT THE HENRY NURSERIES TO SEE ONE MILLION HARDY PLANTS IN PRODUCTION

## ROSES

Our roses are grown under contract in California where the world's finest roses are produced. We guarantee these to be well grown and as good quality as you can get anywhere at any price. We have field tested roses from all over the United States, Canada, and Holland, and have found none that will compare in quality with those from Northern California.

A few roses in any sunny location in your yard will give you more pleasure and satisfaction than any other plant. Ask for our How to Plant booklet.

After April 15, our roses will be in Cloverset pots and will cost an additional 25 c .

Quantity Discount on Patented VarietiesThree or more of a variety, less 25 c per plant. Quantity Discount on Non-Patent VarietiesFive or more of a variety, less $20 \%$

## HYBRID TEA ROSES

2-year No. 1 (Bare Root) ..... $\$ 1.50$
2-year No. 1 Potted ..... 1.75

CRIMSON GLORY-Color deep crimson. Glorious in its" perfect form, large size and fragrance.

GOLDEN DAWN-Bud rich sunflower yellow, flushed old rose. Double.

HINRICH GAEDE-Bright vermillion toned gold; good form; fragrant, a distinct and excellent variety.
K. A. VICTORIA-Delicate, creamy-white flowers of beautiful form.

McGREDY'S YELLOW-Bright buttercup yellow with perfect form. Very fragrant.

MME. JOSEPH PERRAUD-High-centered, perfectly formed buds and double blooms, shading from shell-pink at edge to buff and orange in the center. Excellent variety of superior quality.

PICTURE-Glowing pink: very large and full; intensely fragrant; a continuous bloomer all season.

PRESIDENT HOOVER-A lovely blending of or-ange-yellow, flame, vivid rose-pink and scarlet.

PEDARLBES-Large, creamy-white. Opening to pure white with yellow center. Airy fragrance.

PINK RADIANCE-Bright rose-pink, shining flowers of wonderful shape and fragrance. Strongest grower of all hybrid teas.

RED RADIANCE-A bright, cheerful and even shade of pure red. Vigorous grower.

THE DOCTOR-An international favorite. The buds are long and pointed, expand to a simply enormous bloom in their fully developed state. The color is an equisite silvery pink.

## PATENTED HYBRID TEA ROSES

Potted Roses 25c Extra

BUCCANEER (Patent No. 1119)—Grandiflora type with brilliant flowers of non-fading, lasting clear yellow. Received Gold Medal at the Geneva, Switzerland trials.
Price
\$2.50
CHARLOTTE ARMSTRONG (Patent No. 455)Brilliant blood-red buds on long slender stems opening to magnificent spectrum-red in cool weather, cerise in hot weather. A.A.R.S. award for 1941. Price
\$2.00
CHRYSLER IMPERIAL (Patent No. 1167)-Vivid crimson-red, an outstanding red rose. The buds are long and tapering. It is an excellent grower and free blooming. Winner of the All-America Award for 1953. Price
. $\mathbf{2} .50$
ENCHANTMENT (Patent No. 737)-Large, peachpink flowers from June until late fall. Very vigorous.
Price
\$2.25
FORTY-NINER (Patent No. 792)-Brilliantly hued bi-color, A.A.R.S. Award for 1949. Contrasting colors are startling in their brilliance. Inside of petals vivid orient-red, while the outside is chrome-yellow. Colors are lasting and bright. Price
\$2 25
GOLDEN SCEPTER (Patent No. 910)-Rare, new, unfading, golden-yellow. Has long, slender buds, large and high-centered. Won the highest Rose award in Holland. Price
$\$ 2.00$
HELEN TRAUBEL (Patent applied for)-The color varies with the weather, sometimes a light sparkling pink, more often a luminous apricot. Its unusually large and long buds are magnificent. Very vigorous grower. A.A.R.S. award for 1952.
Price
$\$ 2.50$
KATHERINE T. MARSHALL (Patent No, 607)-A rose of rare beauty and delicacy of form, growing vigorously with large, open upright blooms of warm glowing pink.
Price
$\$ 1.75$
LOWELL THOMAS (Patent No. 595)-Long pointed, large bud. Flower very double, high centered, clear canary-yellow, on strong stem. Vigorous, upright grower. A.A.R.S. award for 1951.

Price
$\$ 2.00$


## PRESIDENT EISENHOWER (Patent No. 1217)Large blooms of rich, unfading, uniform rosered with lasting brilliance, come singly on strong stems. <br> Price <br> \$2.00 <br> QUEEN ELIZABETH (Patent No. 1259)-First grandiflora rose. Pure pink, and its blooms are set off dramatically by glossy, deep green foliage. Flowers borne on long, almost thornless stems. Cross between Charlotte Armstrong and Floradora. Price <br> \$2.75

REX ANDERSON (Patent No. 335)-An outstanding exhibition rose of delicate lovely ivorywhite. Perfectly formed, slow opening, one of the few successful whites. Price
$\$ 1.75$
ROSE OF FREEDOM (Patent No. 791)-Currantred blooms with 60 to 70 petals borne on almost thornless 28 to 32 inch stems. Winner City of Portland Award for 1947. Highest scoring red rose in 1946-47 nation-wide shows. Price
$\$ 1.75$
TIFFANEY (Patent No. applied for)-A.A.R.S. award for 1955. A beautiful phlox pink producing blooms of outstanding quality. The long pointed buds are deep pink with golden yellow shading at base of petals.
Price
\$2.75

## FLORIBUNDA ROSES

2-year No. 1 (Bare Root) .--.............................---- $\$ 1.50$

ELSE POULSEN-Blooms in large pink clusters continuously throughout the season. One of the best pink floribundas.

EUTIN-Large clusters of very double, deep red flowers on a vigorous mildew-resistant bush.

FLORADORA-Scarlet and geranium-red floribunda producing double 25 -petaled flowers. Height $21 / 2$ feet. A.A.R.S. 1945 award.

FRENSHAM-The flowers are dark, velvety crimson in graceful clusters which are excellent for cutting. Many clusters of blooms with long stems and long lasting qualities are produced from Spring through Fall.

IMPROVED LAFAYETTE-Large clusters of bright cherry-crimson.

ORANGE TRIUMPH-Salmon-red with orange shadings, blooming in enormous clusters.

RED GARNETTE-Comparatively new variety of merit producing petite red sweetheart roses. The plant attains a height of only about 18 inches and carries crinkled holly-like foliage.

ROSE ELFE-Very large-double, high centered LaFrance pink. Cluster on long strong stems.

## PATENTED FLORIBUNDA ROSES

Potted Roses 25c Extra

BETTY PRIOR (Patent No. 340)-Produces large fragrant clusters continuously throughout the season. Open lively red turning to shell-pink. desirable for mass planting. Price
. $\$ 1.75$
CIRCUS (Patent No. 1382)-New multicolor Floribunda and only winner of A. A. R. S. Award for 1956. The predominant color is yellow with the tight buds richly marked with red. Flowers born in clusters and are fine for cutting.
Price
. $\$ 2.50$
FASHION (Patent No. 789)-Brilliant luminous coral flowers overlaid with gold, opening into wavy, graceful petals. All season bloom, large clusters and singly. A.A.R.S. award for 1950. Each Price
. $\$ 2.00$
GOLDILOCKS (Patent No. 672)-The buds are ovoid in shape, resembling miniature Hybrid Teas in form, and a rich golden yellow in color. Strong grower. Price
. $\$ 1.75$
JIMINY CRICKET (Patent Applied For)-A.A.R.S. award for 1955. A floribunda which features tangerine red buds, opening to coral-orange and finishing in a pink coral. It has a pleasing old rose fragrance. Foliage is glossy bronze in the early stages and at maturity turns to a lush, glossy green. The upright growth makes it ideal for hedges.

Price
. 2.25
PINOCCHIO (Patent No. 484)-A hardy plant producing an abundance of pointed buds of salmon-flushed gold, opening to miniature hybrid tea-like roses of soft clear pink and in great clusters. Price ........................... $\$ 1.75$

RED PINOCCHIO (Patent No. 812)-Masses of $31 / 2-$ inch flowers in unfading clusters. Rich carmine; gradually deepens as blooms open. Wild rose fragrance.
Price
$\$ 1.75$

YELLOW PINOCCHIO (Patent N.o. 992) -Newest member of the Pinocchio family. Sturdy bush about 3 feet tall, producing great masses of bloom in an apricot-yellow color. When at the peak of bloom it is rounded mound of yellow. Price
\$1.75
PINK BOUNTIFUL (Patent No. 601)—Bud short pointed, begonia-rose. Flowers small, double, open rosy-pink borne on strong stems.
Price
\$1.75
SPARTAN (Patent No. 1357)-The wonder floribunda Rose. A brand new creation that is both beautiful and robust. Slowly opening buds of burnt-orange become orange-red and then reddish coral, with sweet fragrance. Amazingly hardy and vigorous.

Price
\$2.75
SUMMER SNOW (Patent No. 416)-The most prolific of white floribundas with great "drifts" of beautiful large clusters like mounds of snow. Price
$\$ 1.75$
VOGUE (Patent No. 926)-New floribunda with its own unique brilliantly glowing cherry-coral color. Individual flowers three to four inches in diameter are hybrid tea-shaped with perfect high-centered form. A.A.R.S. award for 1952. Price
$\$ 2.00$
WHITE BOUQUET (Patent No. 1415)-A lovely new white rose with gardenia like, 4 to 5 inch flowers of opulent white and sweet spicy fragrance. A.A.R.S. Award winner. Price
$\$ 2.25$

## TREE ROSES

Tree Roses are truly called the "Queen of Flowers." The blooms produced are superior in quality to those produced on regular bush form because of the special strain of understock. We have the following varieties:

CRIMSON GLORY-Color deep crimson. Glorious in its perfect form, large size and fragrance.

COUNTESS VANDAL-Long pointed buds. Multicolor combination can hardly be described, pink, copper, gold and salmon.

ECLIPSE-Long streamlined buds, rich gold without fading.

2 -yr. heads on $3^{1 / 2}$-ft. stems $\$ 5.50$

## CLIMBING ROSES

2-year No. 1, Bare Root ....................................... $\$ 1.50$
2-year No. 1, Potted .......................................... 1.75
AMERICAN BEAUTY-An old favorite Climbing Rose. Very hardy and a vigorous grower. Color deep pink. Blooms extra large.

BLAZE - Sometimes called the everblooming Paul's Scarlet. Blaze give a plentiful supply of vivid scarlet flowers over a long first blooming period and then continues to flower intermittently all season.

DR. VAN FLEET-Large, flesh-pink flowers on long stems.

NEW DAWN-Everblooming climbing rose. Apple blossom pink flowers with old rose fragrance.

PAUL'S SCARLET-Large well-shaped flowers of a vivid scarlet-red that does not fade.

WHITE DAWN-Best everblooming, hardy, bigflowered white climbing rose. Healthy, stronggrowing and pleasing free and continuous in blooms.

## PATENTED CLIMBING ROSES

## Potted Roses 25c Extra

ALOHA (Patent No. 948)-The primary bud develops into a gorgeous 5 -inch bloom. Rich rosepink with soft lilac silvery pink on inside of petals when open.

Each
Price
\$2.50
DR. J. H. NICHOLAS (Patent No. 457)-Vigorous plant, dark green foliage, double deep rose-pink flowers 5 to 6 inches across with about 50 petals. Grows 8 to 10 feet in height and is everblooming.
Price
\$2.00
GOLDEN SHOWERS (Patent applied for)-The first winter hardy everblooming pillar and climbing rose that actually blooms from early spring through late fall. Daffodil yellow, 25 to 30 petaled flowers. Very fragrant and almost thornless. Highly resistant to mildew and black spot. Winner of 1957 A.A.R.S. Award.
Price
$\$ 3.00$
KING MIDAS (Patent No. 586)-Blooms with a profusion of large double yellow flowers. Price
\$2.00
SPECTACULAR (Patent No. 1416)-New orange red color. Strong grower 6 to 7 ft . canes which continue to greater height the following year. Carries 4 inch flowers for a long time.
Price
$\$ 2.50$

## TRAILING ROSES

MAX GRAFF-Trailing rose, excellent for ground cover. Price
\$1.50

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FOR MUCH TOO LONG we have been thinking of roses as weak plants which must be pampered. This is not true.
Actually roses are quite robus! plants that are longlived, adaptable and do not require constant care. You need only a simple program of reasonable care which requires little effort on your part and will insure a wealth of bloom from May to November.
In buying roses, one thing is sure: you get exactly what you pay for. You soon discover a pretty face is not everything. There are, however, several things to guide you. The main guide is grading. We handle only No. 1 Top Grade which ore too large to appear in packages on counters in grocery and drug stores.
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## HARDY PERENNIALS

HEMEROCALLIS (Day Lily)-We have selected the best blooming strain. Bright yellow. Heavy divisions.
Each

## PEONIES-

3 to 5 eye Divisions each $\$ 1.00$ Felix Crouse-Red Edulis Superba--Pink Avalanche-White

PLUME GRASS-Enormous plumes borne on stems ten feet long. One of the best ornamentals for winter bouquets as the plumes last indefinitely. Heavy Divisions each \$1.00
SEDUM-We carry several of the most popular varieties suitable for rock gardens. Each From 1 qt. cans 30c

Greenhouse department has large selection of perennials and bedding plants.

Nursery office is located on Rt. 29 at the N.W. corner of Henry, opposite fairgrounds. Customers wishing to select plant material in fields, will be provided with a map.

We are open on Sundays, March 10 to May 19 and Sept. 8 to Nov. 10.
Our office is open from 8 to 12 and 1 to 5 each day. The office is closed during the noon hour.

## FERTIIIZERS, GRASS SEED AND INSECTICIDES

FERTILIZERS
Vigoro, 5 lbs. ..... \$0.55
Vigoro, 10 lbs . ..... 95
Golden Vigoro, 50 lbs. ..... 3.75
Rose Food, 5 lbs. ..... 95
Rose Food, 10 lbs. ..... 1.50
Bone Meal, 5 lbs ..... 90
Bone Meal, 10 lbs. ..... 1.65
Sheep Manure, 50 lbs. ..... 3.00
Milburn Peat, 5 lbs, ..... 85
Milburn Peat, 50 lbs. ..... 2.50
Milburn Peat, 80 lbs. ..... 3.75
FERTILIZERS, SOLUBLE
Instant Vigoro, 8 oz . ..... 75
Gro-Stuff, 5 oz. ..... 49
GRASS SEED
Lifetyme Brand, Guaranteed to grow 2 lbs. ..... 1.68
Sod-Builder, Best Grade
Sunny Mix, 1 lb. ..... 1.45
Sunny Mix, 5 lb . ..... $\$ 7.00$
Shady Mix, 1 lb . ..... 1.29
Shady Mix, 5 lb. ..... 6.20
INSECTICIDES
Science Rose Dust, 1 lb . ..... $\$ 1.50$
Pashea Rose Dust, $41 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. ..... 4.50
Borer Repellant Paint ..... 85
Borerkil, 2 oz. ..... 1.00
Para-Scalecide, 8 oz. ..... 75
DDT Dust, 1 lb . ..... 65
Dusting Sulfur, 2 lb . ..... 70
Chlordane Dust, 1 lb . ..... 65
Aramite, 4 oz . ..... 1.00
ACP Fruit Spray, 12 oz. ..... 1.10
Dupont Malathion, 4 oz . ..... 1.25
Arsenate of Lead, 1 lb . .....  90
Black Leaf $40,5 \mathrm{oz}$. ..... 1.25
Volck Oil Spray, 1 pt ..... 75
Tree Wound Paint, $1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. ..... 70
Niagara Duster, 1/2 lb. ..... 1.85

## DESIGNING (LANDSCAPE PLANS)

We can give expert advice on all landscaping problems. Please bring a snapshot of your home and the foundation measurements, and we will give you a rough sketch free of charge.

For the home owner who wants the services of a certified Landscape Architect, we can supply permanent plans at cost.

## PLANTING SCHEDULE

We have an expert planting crew available for planting orders under the following schedule: MINIMUM PLANTING CHARGE ON ANY SINGLE STOP IS $\$ 5.00$ within a 50 -mile radius of Henry. These prices are subject to change without notice.

## EVERGREENS

| Up to 24 in . | each \$1.50 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 24 in . and up | each \$2.00 |
| Over ten at one time | each \$1.25 |


| SHRUBS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Any size B. \& B. ....................................each \$1.25 |  |
|  |  |
| Over ten at one time .........................each \$0.65 |  |
| Privet hedge | Double price |
| SHADE TREES |  |
| 6 to 8 ft . .-..-......................................each $\mathbf{\$ 2 . 0 0}$ |  |
| 8 to 10 ft . .-....-.-.-.................................each \$ $\mathbf{~ \$ ~} 2.50$ |  |
| 10 to 12 ft. ...........................................each \$3.00 |  |
| Larger sizes loose root .......................each $\mathbf{\$ 3}$. 5 |  |
| All sizes B. \& B. |  |
| -additional charge depende | size of ball. |

## LAWNS (SEEDED)

Materials including fertilizer and seed plus labor at $\$ 2.50$ per hour, plus $15 \%$. TERRACING (Any type of stone or concrete work including walls and patios) Materials plus labor at $\$ 2.50$ per hour plus $15 \%$.

## Special Services for Our Old and New Landscape Customers-

We are offering this service to our customers who have had us do their plantings. There will be a minimum charge of $\$ 5.00$ per service call. Notify the HENRY NURSERIES if you wish to have your plants given the expert care they deserve and should receive at the proper time.

## Charges for This Service Will Be Made under the Following Schedule:

TRIMMING-Materials plus labor at $\$ 2.25$ per hour plus $10 \%$.
SPRAYING-35c to 75 c per tree depending on size.
FERTILIZING-Materials plus labor at $\$ 2.25$ per hour plus $10 \%$.

## - PHONES - <br> NURSERY OFFICE HENRY 4095




[^0]:    We are open Sundays, March 10 to May 19, and September 8 to November 10

